With which is incorporated The

Established \ February "Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

Vol. XXXV, No. 4924. 氦九十月四年九十七百八千一英

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1879.

日八十月三年卯己

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON: -F. Algie, 8, Clement's Lune, Lombard Street, GRORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill. Gordon & Gotch, Ludgate Circus, E. C. BATES, HENDY & Co., 4. Old Jewry, E.C. SAMUEL DEACON & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall

PARIS AND EUROPE :- LEON DE ROSNY, 19, Rue Monsieur, Paris. NEW YORK:-ANDREW WIND, 138, Natsau Street.

USTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND :- GORDON & GOTOH, Molbourne and Sydney. SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports

generally:-Bran & Black, San Fran-SINGAPORE AND STRAITS: -SAYLE & Co., Square, Singapore. C. Heinszen

& Co., Manila, CHINA: -- Macao, Messrs A. A. DE MELLO Swalow, Camparil & Co. Amoy, Wilson, Nicholis & Co. Fouchto, Reder & Co. Shanghai. LANE, UP IN PORT & CO., and RELLY & WALSH. Yokohama, LANE, CBAW-FORD & Co.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid-UP CAPITAL,.....5,000,000 Dollars. RESERVE FUND,..........1,300,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS. Chairman-W. H. Forbes, Enq. Deputy Chairman-Hon. W. KESWICK. E.R. Belilios, Esq. | Wilhelm Reiners, H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq. F. D. Sassoon, Eaq. W. S. Young, Enq. H. HOPPIUS, Eaq. A. McIver, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER. Hongkong,.....THOMAS JACKSON, Esq. MANAGER.

Shanghai, Ewen Cameron, Esq. LONDON BANKERS .- London and County

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED. N Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 percent, perannum on the daily balance. For Fixed Déposits :-

For 3 months, 3 percent, per annum. 4 per cent. ,, ,, 5 per cent.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Drafts, granted on London, and the

chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager. Offices of the Corporation, No. 1, Queen's Road East. Hongkong, February 15, 1879.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.) .

TATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS. 3 months' notice 3% per Annum,

can be ascertained at their Office. D. A. J. CROMBIE, Acting Manager.

On Current Accounts at Rates which

Oriental Bank Corporation, Hongkong, November 23, 1878.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUS TRALIA, AND CHINAP

CAPITĂL.....£800 000. RESERVE FUND,£150,000. Bankers. THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE CITY BANK. THE

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND. HE BANK'S BRANCH in Hongsong grants Drafts on London and the Chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills

of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of

Banking and Exchange Business. RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED OR DE-POSITS,

Oh CURBENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent, per annum on the daily balance. ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 3 percent, per annum, 4 per cent, 5 per cent.

Entertainment.

BY PERMISSION OF MAJOR-GENERAL E. DONOVAN, AND LIEUT.-COLONEL HALL, AND OFFICERS R.A.

(BY, SPECIAL DESIRE.)

ROYAL ARTILLERY DRAMATIC CLUB. will repeat

THIS EVENING.

For the benefit of a Widow of the Corps.

THE PERFORMAT OF will commence with the DOMESTIC DRAMA in Two Acts, entitled

FARCE, entitled

Inneskillings will attend.

Price of Admission: First Seats..... One Dollar. Second do......50 Cents. Third do......25

Tickets can be obtained at the Officers MESS, SERGEANTS' MESSES, and CANTEEN SERGEANTS, R.A., and 27th INNESELL Performance.

PUNKAHS. "GOD SAVE THE QUEEN."

SOCIETY,

TRIAL BY

ARTHUR SULLIVAN,

THE WATERMAN, at the

CITY HALL THEATRE,

TUESDAY NEXT, the 22nd Instant, at 9 p.m.

Tickets may be obtained and Places se cured at Messia Lane, Crawford & Co.'s on and after Thursday, the 17th, at Noon. W. WHEELER,

Hongkone, April 15, 1879.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

posed of by private contract,-THE HONGKONG DISTILLERY,

For further Particulars, apply to Messrs SHARP, TOLLER, and JOHNSON,

Hongkong, Hongkong, March 5, 1879.

THE Business of the Undersigned will in future be conducted under the Firm of Sharp and Dange.

SHARP & Co., Estate Agents and Valuators. WILLIAM DANBY, C.E., Architect and Surveyor.

No. 6, Queën's Road Central, lately occupied by Messis E. D. Sassoon & Co. Hongkong, April 17, 1870,

GAR-RISON THEATRE.

THEIR PERFORMANCE,

the 19th April, 1879,

THE CHIMNEY CORNER

And conclude with the ORIGINAL AND ENTERTAINING

LINGS, and at the Doors on the Night of

Hongkong, April 19, 1879. HE HONGKONG CHORAL

WILL PERFORM JURY,

DIBDIN'S BALLAD OPERA,

Acting Hon. Secretary.

Auctions.

INO BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUC TION, shortly, on a day to be hereafter named, unless previously dis-

Situate at East Point, Hongkong, now in Complete Working Order, and Capable of Distilling upwards of 2,000 Gallons daily. The Property is of a most valuable nature, comprising THREE PIECES OF GROUND close to the water, viz.:-Inland Lots Nos. 749, 781 and 782, with the Substantially Built DWELLING House and Business Pre-MISES, erected specially for the purpose April, inclusive. only a few years since, together with the MACHINERY, ENGINES, STILLS, VATS, STOCK, and TRADE FURNITURE and Fir-TINGS.

Solicitors, Supreme Court House,

litimations.

NOTICE,

intimations.

CHRISTY'S SUMMER STRAW and FELT HATS. ELLWOOD'S EXTRA LIGHT PATENT AIR CHAMBER HELMETS. FRENCH LIGHT SUMMER BOOTS & SHOES, CANVAS SHOES.

ELECTRO-PLATED ICE PAILS, ICE TONGS, ICE SHOVELS, ICE PITCHERS. The New Electro-Plated READING LAMPS for Kerosine, perfectly safe. ELECTRO-PLATED CIGAR LAMPS, LAWN TENNIS BATS and BALLS. POCKET SIPHONIAS and WATERPROOF COATS.

AUTOMATON UMBRELLAS, PERFUNERY and TOILET SOAPS. INDIA RUBBER AIR BEDS, CUSHIONS and PILLOWS. The New CHIT BEOKS. MAPS OF AFGHANISTAN. CAFETIERES. COCOANUT MATTING & MATS. New SCARVES, BRACES and COLLARS.

The PATENT LIFE JACKETS and SWIMMING BELTS. MEERSCHAUM and BRIAR PIPES. DE LA RUE'S and AMERICAN PLAYING CARDS. The Celebrated HUNYADI JA OS MINERAL WATER. - SPRATT'S FIBRINE DOG BISCUITS. MAGNIFYING GLASSES.

MAPS OF CHINA. DOG COLLARS. A Large COLLECTION OF WORKS ALBUMS. OF REFERENCE. SCRAP BOOKS. FAMILY SCALES. SHIPMAN'S OFFICE FILES. OVERLAND TRUNKS.

COPYING PRESSES. CLARETS, SAUTERNES AND OTHER LIGHT SUMMER WINES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, April 2, 1879.

By kind permission the Band of 27th THE HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

ORDINARY GEVERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Company's 4 and 16 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1847. Office, situate at No. 7, Queen's Road, Hongkong, at 3 P.M. on TUESDAY, the the Undersigned. 6th day of May next, for the purpose of passing a special Resolution making certain alterations in the Articles of Association of the Company to the following effect, viz:-

1. That the General Managers, with the sanction of the Consulting Committee, in any years that the accounts of the Company shall render it desirable, may pay losses wholly or in part out of the excess of the Reserve Fund over and above \$250,000, in order that contributing and other Shareholders may not unnecessarily be deprived of Bonus and Dividend; such changes to take effect from the 1st January,

2. That the annual bonus payable to despatch. contributing Shareholders and the annual contribution to the reservo fund be left to the discretion of the General Managers and Consulting Committee, and that the sum to be annually appropriated to dividend be subject to the approval of the Company in Meeting.

NOTICE is hereby also given that a Second Extraordinary General MEETING of Shareholders will be held, at the same hour and place, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of May next, for the purpose of confirming such special Resolution as afore-

Dated the 12 h day of April, 1879. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers. my20

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SHANGHAI STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, IN LIQUIDATION.

N HIGHTH RETURN of CAPITAL A - at the Rate of TWO TAELS per SHARE, will be made to Shareholders of Record on the 8rd April, Payable at the Office of the Liquidators, on WED-NESDAY, the 9th April. Warrants will then be delivered by the Undersigned to Shareholders, or their

lawful representatives, on presentation of Share Certificates for Endorsement. The Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be ULUSED from the 3rd to the 9th By Order, RUSSELL & Co.,

Liquidators.

Shanghal, April 1, 1879. OST, on the Morning of the 15th

I lost, a Black and Tan TERRIER PUP; has white spot on breast; answers. to the name of "PUNCH." A Reward will be given to anyone who may return it to Mesars J. Inclis & Co., Wanchai,

Hongkong, April 16, 1879.

· NOTICE.

ROM the 1st of October, DR EASTLACKE will receive his PATIENTS at bis new DENTAL ROOMS, No. 50, Queen's Road Central, over the MEDICAL HALL.

Hongkong, September 28, 1878.

DENTAL NOTICE, TR. ROGERS will visit SHANGHAI

during the Summer Months, leaving Hongkone on the 1st of April next, and returning about 1st November. Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

SAINT JOHN'S CATHEDRAL OHUROH:

FINE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Seatholders of St. John's CATHEDRAL CHURCH, will be Held at the OTICE is hereby given that pursuant | Vestry on THURSDAY, the 24th day of to the provisions of the Articles of | April instant, at 4.30 p.m., for the purpose the Association of the Company, and of the Companies' Ordinance 1865, an EXTRA- year, and for passing the accounts of the freasurer, under the Provisions of Clauses

Applications for Sittings may be made to EDMUND SHARP, Trustee and Treasurer to the Body of Trustees.

Hongkong, April 15, 1879. HONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS

STORAGE.

OODS RECEIVED on STORAGE at Moderate Rates, in FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS, under European supervision; and VESSELS Discharged alongside the WHARF, on favorable Terms, with quick

Proprietors. Hongkong, November 29, 1878. my29

MEYER & Co.,

Volume Seventh of the "CHINA REVIEW." ady

No. 4.-Vol. VII. -OF THE-CC CHUMA REVIEW DD

CONTAINS—

Jottings from the Book of Rites. Brief Sketches from the Life of K'ung-The Ballads of the Shi-king. Translations of Chinese School-books. The Critical Disquisitions of Wang Ch'ung. Alchemy in China. Appendix to Wylie's "Coins of the Ta-Ch'ing Dynasty" "Hien Fung" Period.

Short Notices of New Books and Literary

Intelligence. Notes and Queries:--A Few Petty Additions to Dr Douglas' Dictionary. Trouts in China. Ancient Vases, Inheritance, Greeting the Spring. Adoption, The Term Kwal, Monvol and Yuan-pao, Leanehold Usage, Chinese Coins, Coronation of the King of Loochoo,

The Ouigur Alphabet. Books Wanted, Exchanges, &c. China Mail Office, Hongkong, March 21, 1879.

for sale. FOR SALE. THUGENE RIMMEL'S TROPICAL FLOWER WATER.

MULTIES. SUPERIOR TO ALL SIMILAR PREPARATIONS. VOGEL & Co., Sole Agents for China.

Hongkong, February 19, 1879. FOR SALE. OKE.....\$7.50 per ton.

COAL TAR..... 5 cents per gallon. Delivery to be taken at the GAS WORKS, West Point.

Hongkong, April 16, 1879.

NOTICE.

Notices of Firms.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr WILLIAM SALWAY in our Firm CEASED on the lat Instant. Mr W. WILSON will Sign the Firm in Liquida-

WILSON & SALWAY, Architects, &c.

TX7ITH Reference to the above, I-have VV admitted Mr SOTHEBY GOD. FREY BIRD as a Partner; the Business will henceforward be continued under the Name of 'WILSON & BIRD,'

W. WILSON.

Hongkong, April 7, 1879.

INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr WALTER SCOTT FITZ, in our Firm in Hongkong and China, CEASED on the 31st December last. Mr CHARLES VINCENT SMITH is

admitted a Partner from This Date.

NOTICE.

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, January 1, 1879.

NOTICE. MR. JAMES ANDERSON, formerly Manager of the FOOCHOW DOCKS,

has this Day been admitted a Partner in J. INGLIS & Co., Victoria Foundry, Wanchai.

Bongkong, April 1, 1879.

NOTICE. THE Interest and Responsibility of the Undersigned in the Chinese Mail, 字日報 (Wah Tsze Yat Po), CEASED from the 1st August, 1877, but Debts prior to that Date will be received Evans, Master, and paid by him and paid by him,

CHUN AYIN, Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

NOTICE IN Reference to the above, the Undersigned has LEASED the Chinese Mail from the 1st August, 1877, and has engaged the services of Mr Leong Yook OHUN, as Translator and General Manager of the newspaper, which under its new régime will be found to be, as hitherto, an excellent medium for advertising, especially as the Manager is able to devote his whole

attention to the conduct of the Newspaper. KONG CHIM, Lessee of the Hongkong Chinese Mail.

Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW.

The Steamship

Capt. WESTOBY, will be dospatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 22nd Instant, at Day-For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

Hongkong, April 18, 1879. FOR HOIHOW AND HATPHONG. (Taking Cargo and Passengers at through

rates for HANOL) The Stoumship "ATALANTI," Tale Captain G. Petersev. will be despatched as above on TUESDAY, the 22nd Instant, at 7 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to

Hongkong, April 18, 1879

FOR HANKOW. (Calling at Shanghai if sufficient inducement offers.) The Steamship

MEYER & Co.

will be despatched on or about the 23rd Instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.

"LOUDOUN CASTLE,"

FOR AMOY.

Hongkong, April 12, 1879.

The Steamship "ESMERALDA," Capt. CULLEN, shortly due, will have immediate despatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, April 17, 1879.

Shipping.

Sailing Vessels. FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The A 1 American Bark "PENOBSCOT," Capt. CHIPMAN, will load here for the above Port, and will

have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, March 20, 1879. FOR VIOTORIA (VANCOUVER'S)

. ISLAND), The A 1 American Bark "THOS. FLETCHER," Capt. Pendleron, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, March 29, 1879.

FOR HONOLULU. The A 1 American Ship. "REPUBLIC Capt. Holnes, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, April 1, 1879. FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The A 1 British Ship "ONEIDĂ." Captain CLYMA, will load here for the above Port, and will

For Freight, apply to

have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to ' RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, April 17, 1879. FOR NEW YORK.

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

The A 1 American Ship

"HAZE,"

VOGEL & Co.

VOGEL & Co.

RUSSELL & Co.

VOCEL & Co.

Hongkong, April 16, 1879. FOR. MANILA. The A I Italian Bark "EMILIO V.," MERELLO, Master.

Hongkong, April 16, 1879. FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

For Freight, apply to

The A 1 American Ship " #DITH." Manson, Master. For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, March 28, 1879.

FOR LONDON. The A 1 American Ship "PRIMA DONNA," LUNT, Master. For Freight, apply to

Hongkong, March 23, 1879. FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The A 1 American Ship Captain Lucas, will load here for the above Port, and will

Hongkong, March 7, 1879. FOR HAMBURG. The A 1 German Schooner FORMOSA,
BURGWARDT, Master. "FORMOSA," For Freight, apply to

Hongkong, March 17, 1879.

Hongkong, February 26, 1879,

Hongkong, February 18, 1879.

bave quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to

FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 American Ship "GOLDEN RULE," Lewis, Master. - For Freight, and For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

FOR LONDON. The A 1 British Bark "STRAUATHRO," MILLAR, Master. For Breight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

FOR LONDON. The 3/3 L.I.I Norwegian Ship The 3/3 L.I.I North UMARLI
TOBIASEN, Master,
For Freight, apple "SUMARLIDE," For Freight, apply to YOGEL & Co

Hongkong, January 30, 1870,

For Sale.

NOW READY.

CHINESE DICTION/RY IN THE CANTONESE DIALECT. Parts I. and II., A to M, with Introduction. Royal 3vo., pp. 404.—By ERNEST JOHN EITEL, Ph.D. Tübingen.

Price: FIVE DOLLARS, OF TWO DOLLARS. AND A HALF per Part.

To be had from Messrs Lane, Chawford & Co., Hongkong and Shanghal; and Mesara KELLY & WALSH, Shanghal. Hongkong, March 1, 1878.

WASHING BOOKS. (In English and Chinese.) WASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the use ready at this Office.—Price, \$1 each. CHIMA MAIL Office.

HONG LISTS.

Circular, large sheet. WHE AMENDED HONG LIST, in English and Chinese, containing the Names of all the most important Companies, Institutions and Mercantile Houses in the

Colony. Price, 25 cents each; or \$2.50

per dozen. At the "Ohina Mail" Office

To Let.

TO LET.

MOGETHER OR SEPARATELY. MARINE HOUSE-WEST. FIRST AND SECOND FLOORS, and

GODOWN. Apply to E. R. BELILIOS. Hongkong, April 16, 1879.

TO LET-AT WANCHAI.

GODOWNS. Goods of every description Landed and Stored.

For terms, apply to LANDSTEIN & Co. Hongkong, April 4, 1879.

TO BE LET, for Six Months, A FUR. NISHED HOUSE. Good Situation

up the HILL. Address "BELMONT,"

Office of this Paper. Bongkong, April 18, 1879.

TO LET. LIOUSE No. 3, SEYMOUR TERBACE.

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co. Hongkong, April 8, 1879.

TO LET.

FFICES in Club CHAMBERS. Apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

Hongkong, April 8, 1879. TO LET.

DORTION of a HOUSE, very suitable for OFFICES and DWELLING, also for a STORE, Queen's Road Central. Possession 1st March next. Apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co. Hongkong, February 4, 1879.

TO LET.

TN the Houses on MARINE LOT 65, formerly known as the Blue Houses, situate on Praya East :-

FIRST FLOORS of Nos. 2, 3 and 4, Prays East, with immediate possession.

As also.

A FRONT and BACK ROOM in the DWELLING to the eastward of the Pier, with part of its spacious Verandah. Immediate Possession.

TO LET.

THEST CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS, attached to Blue Houses at Wanchal, LARINE LOT 65.

A SPACIOUS TIMBER YARD, closs to the Wanchai Pier. Timber received on Storage or the Yard Rented. For further particulars, apply to

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, March 4, 1879.

TO BE LET

STORE-FLOORED

TIWO Excellent GODOWNS, on Marine Lot No. 10, Praya Central. Apply to

TURNER & Co. Hongkong, August 1, 1876.

TO LET

TRET.CLASS OFFICES and GO. DOWNS, Nos. 54 and 60, Praya Central

Apply \$9 WO HAKG, Nos. 6 and 7, Praya West. Hopskous, Jaduary 2, 1970;

Mails.



STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MEDI-TERRANEAN PORTS, SOUTH-AMPTON, AND LONDON;

BOMBAY, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steam-ship KHIVA, Captain G. LEE, will leave this on TUESDAY, the 22nd April, at Noon.

For further Particulars, apply to A. McIVER, Superintendent. Hongkong, April 12, 1879.

Occidental & Oriental Steam-

Ship Company. TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE,

IN CONNECTION WITH THE CENTRAL

UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING RAILROAD COMPANIES

ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

THE S. S. OCEANIC will be despatched for San Francisco via Yokohama, on SATURDAY, May 3rd, 1879, at 8 p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers for Japan, the United Stater, Mexico, Central and South America, and Europe.

Steamers from Shanghai. Freight will be received on Board until prepared to grant Insurances as follows:-4 p.m. of the 2nd May, PAROEL PAUKAGES will be received at the Office until 5 p.m. same day: all Parcel Packages

should be marked to address in full; value of same is required. A REDUCTION is made on RETURN PAS-SAGE TICKETS. Consular Invoices to accompany Over-

land, Mexican, Central and South American Cargo, should be sent to the Company's Offices addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Francisco. For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the

Company, No. 37, Queen's Road Central H. M. BLANCHARD, Acting Agent.

Hongkong, April 15, 1879.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA

OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUGHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO. THE U.S. Mail Steamer ALASKA

will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on ———, the April, at 3 p.m., taking Passengers, and Freight, for Japan, the United States,

and Europe. Through Bills of Lading Issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States via Overland Railways, to Hayana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers.

On Through PASSAGES to EUROPE, a REDUCTION OF TWENTY PER CENT from Regular Rates is granted to to grant Policies against FIRE, to the OFFICERS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY, AND MEMBERS OF THE CIVIL AND on Merchandise in the same, at the CONSULAR SERVICES IN COMMIS-

Freight will be received on board until 4 p.m., of --- April. Parcel Packages will be received at the office until 5 p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Involces to accompany Overland Cargo should be sent to the Company's Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco. For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 9, Praya Central.

RUSSELL & Co , Agents. Hongkong, April 16, 1879

Insurances.

SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE COMPANY OF WINTERTHUR.

HE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, have This Day taken over charge of the Hongkong Agency, and are prepared to grant INSURANCE OF MARINE RISES at Current Rates to all parts of the World.

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

MANOHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

Established 1824.

Capital of the Company £1,000,000Sterling of which is paid up £ 100,000 Reserve Fundupwards of £ 120,000 £ 250,600 ,, Annual Income

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Fooshow, Shanghai, and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates,

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co. Honghong, Oslober 15, 1868.

insurances.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

MELCHERS & Co., Agents, Royal Insurance Company. Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of \$45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therein, at current local rates, subject to a Discount of 20% on the Premia.

NORTON & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE-HONGKONG.

GENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of A China and Japan, and at Singapore, Saigon and Penang. Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance

granted at the rates of Premium current at the above mentioned Ports. NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEES. JAS. B. COUGHTRIE.

- Secretary. Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

King George The First, A. D. 1720.

Connection is made at Yokohama, with | | HE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are

> Marine Department. Policies at current rates payable either here, in London or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department. Policies issued for long or short periods at current rates. A discount of 20 % allowed.

Life Department. Policies issued for sums not exceeding

£5,000 at reduced rates. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, July 25, 1872. THE SUOTTISH IMPERIAL INSUR-

ANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the abovenamed Company, are prepared to Grant Policies against FIRE on Buildings and on Goods to the extent of \$50,000, at the

usual Rates, subject to an immediate Discount of 20 per cent. Attention is invited to a considerable reduction in Premia for Life Insurance in

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, August 13, 1878.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and Special Acts of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned, AGENTS at Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared extent of £10,000 on any Building, or usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20 GILMAN & Co.,

Agents. Hongkong, July 6, 1875. OHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NOTICE.

(LIMITED.)

DOLICIES granted at current rates on Marine Rusks to all parts of the World. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Two Thirds of the Profit, are distributed annually to Contributorss whether Shareholders or not, in proportion to the nott amount of Premia contributed by each, the remaining third being carried to Reserve Fund.

J. BRADLEE SMITH. Secretary. Hongkong, December 9, 1878.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL, Two MILLIONS STEELING,

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against the Risk of FIRE on Buildings or on Goods stored therain, on Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of Vessels in Barbour, at the usual Terms and Conditions. Proposals for Life Assurances will be re-

ceived, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision. If required, protection will be granted on first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single

For Rates of Premiums, forms of pro-

possis or any other information, apply to ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., Agents, Hongkong & Canton, Hopehone, January 4, 1867.

Notices to Consignees

FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE. THE S.S. Gleneagles having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goodswith the exception of Opium-are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned, whence and/or from the Wharves or Boats delivery may be

obtained. Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 2 o'clock on 14th.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 21st Instant will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, March 15, 1879. FROM LONDON, SINGAPORE AND

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

PENANG. HE Steamship Lord of the Isles having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned,

whence and/or from the Wharf or Boats delivery may be obtained. Cargo remaining undelivered after the

21st lastant will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, April 15, 1879. COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

S. S. SINDH. NOTICE. CONSIGNEES of Cargo per S. S. U Indus, from London, in connec

tion with the above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk at the Company's Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing. Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless intimation is received from the Con-

signess, before 3 p.m. To-DAY, the 17th Inst., requesting it to be landed here. Blils of Lading will be countersigned by

the Undersigned. Goods, remaining unclaimed after THURS-DAY, the 24th Instant, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Hongkong, April 17, 1879. COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the following Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and take immediate delivery, This Cargo has been landed and stored at

their risk and expense. No Five Insurance has been effected. G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent.

Ex " Yangtsze." H L c/o Mr A. Marty, No. 1, 1 case Arms, from Marseilles.

Ex "Anadyr."

Lieut. Joubert, Hanoi, 2 cases Wax, from Salgon. Ex "Peiho." AME (in diamond) | Nos. 3, Order, 1 case

HL3..... { Cotton, from L'don. S P Order, 22 bags Stones, from Madras. Hongkong, April 10, 1879.

intimations a new stock of NEXT JOBBING TYPES

HAVING BEEN RECEIVED FROM ENGLAND, THIS OFFICE IS PREPARED TO

EXECUTE Book & Job Printing OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT REASONABLE RATES.

FANCY BALL PROGRAMMES

ASSORTED SIZES, IN GOLD AND COLOURS. PENCILS. assorted colours.

In Gold & Coloured Borders & Patterns. BOOKS BOUND IN APPROVED

Patterns. Sale. For FOR FOREIGN-GOING

8世178, LADY'S AND GENTLEMAN'S WASHING BOOKS, CONTRACT PASSAGE TICKETS, EXPORT CARGO REPORTS,

AGREEMENTS

LOG BOOKS,

POWERS OF ATTORNEY, CHARTER PARTIES, SHIPPING ORDERS, BILLS OF LADING, PASSENGER LISTS, BILLS OF SALE.

WILLS China Mail Office, 2, Wyndham Street,

(Bask of Club).

Intimations.

ROMARIA A SANCHOAN.

TOROJECTA-SE fazer uma romaria 4 sepultura do grande Apostolo das Indias, S. Francisco Xavier, sahindo d'aqui as 8 horas da tarde de Sabbado, 3 de Maio p v., (13 de lus) e de Sanchoan no Domingo a hora mais conveniente. Das quatro romarias que se fizeram n'este seculo, em Dezembro de 1808, Agosto de 1827, Dezembro de 1869, e 3 de Maio de 1874, esta ultima foi a mais bem succedida em consequencia da falta de ventos impetuosos n'esse mez em que a monção de

Nordeste cessa de todo. O preço de bilhetes incluindo comida

será \$5 por cada remeiro.

J. J. DA SILVA E SOUZA, Secretario. Hongkong, Dia de Amnunciação, 1879. m3

THE FOLKLORE OF CHINA

N. B. DENNYS, Ph.D. HE following are selected from nume-

rous notices which have appeared in the London, Continental and Eastern Dr. Dennys has done good service in

bringing together and presenting in readable form the hitherto scattered contributions to Chinese Folklore-Times.

A very important addition to Folklore literature—Athenceum. The book is entertaining and adds a good deal to the facts of comparative mythology

-Pall Mall Budget. A worthy pendant to Archdeacon Gray's

valuable volumes-Graphic. A very amusing and very instructive book-Spectator.

Adds useful testimony to curious information-Ill. London News. Full of curious interest to the general reader and of valuable material for the ethnological philosopher-British Quarterly

We are indebted to Dr. Dennys for welcome addition to all existing stores of popular superstitions-John Bull,

A work which merits attention as being to a large extent sui generis-Globe. An interesting and important work. Printed on fine paper it will be a book for the boudoir as well as for the savant-Naval and Military Gazette.

Mr. Dennys's book shews us that man is the same at bottom whether his skin be yellow or white-London Quarterly Review. We can promise the special student a rich fund of matter on a very interesting subject-Printing Times. Contains some very curious illustrations

of Chinese superstitions-London and China Deserving of careful reading. Throws much light on the study of comparative mythology-(Shanghai) Celestial Empire. Dr. Dennys has contributed not a little to exhibit the inner life and mode of thought of the Chinese people-North

China Herald.

mand a ready sale-Hongkong Daily Press. The book is one for the general reader thoroughly readable and entertaining from beginning to end-China Mail. A book of reference to the student and light and pleasant volume-Shanghai

Abounding with entertaining and inter-

Amusing and instructive enough to com-

esting matter-Japan Mail. Pleasantly written and instructive-Straits Times. We trust the author will continue his interesting researches. He has produced very interesting and valuable volume even if he has not established his theory

-New York Nation.

Representative of the interest and importance of the study of folklore-London ments. We may thank Mr. Dennys for treating the subject with broad ideas and from a high plane-New York Evening Post. Dr. Dennys appears to have done his

Nous savons gré à l'auteur de la poine qu'il s'est donnée à recueillir des materi-Half Hour, B ,, aux importants-La République française Il volume del signor Dennys è di quelli

che non si leggono, ma si diverano-Revista di Roma. Indispensable to the student of the very instructive subject of Folklore-Dublin University Magazine.

For Sale by Messre. LANE, CRAWFORD Hongkong, Jan. 11, 1879. [1wllap79]

The Oregland China Mail. (The olders Overland Paperin China.) PUBLISHED AT THE "CHINA MAIL" OFFICE

NEWS FOR HOME.

Containing from 72 to 84 columns of closely printed matter.

IN TIME FOR THE ENGLISH MAIL.

THIS Mail Summary is compiled from the Daily China Mail, is published twice a month on the morning of the English Mail's departure, and is a record of each fortnight's current history of events in China and Japan, contributed in original reports and collated from the journals published at the various ports in those Countries. It contains Shipping news from Shanghai,

Hongkong, Canton, &c., and a complete Commercial Summary. Subscription, 50 cents per Copy (postage paid 56 cents.) \$12 per annum (postage) paid \$13.50.) Orders should be sent to GEO. MURRAY BAIM, China Mail Office, 2, Wyndham Street, not later than the evening before the departure of the English Mail Steamer,

Torms of Advertising, same as in Dally China Mail SAILOR'S HOME,

A NY Cast-off Chorning, Books, or A PAPERS will be thankfully received at the Sailo. a Home, West Point. Hongkong, July 25, 1972,

Intimations.

THE HONGKONG OHINESE MAIL.

TOHE Circulation of THES PAPER has been very much extended. The fol-

lowing are some of its Agents:-Macao.-Man Chuen Shop. Canton,-Sing Chuen Native Post Office, Luen Hing Street; Chui Heung Low Hotel, Luen Hing Street; Kwong Tin FatShop, Yan Tsai Street; Mr Sit Chuen Fan, Tung Wen Kwan; Yuen Fong Shop, in front of the Provincial Treasurer's Yamen; How Yuen Shop, Small Market Street, New City; Yee Cheung Photograph Shop, Honam; Kwal Houng Shop, Sin Choong, Honam.

Swatow. - Sui Cheong Hong; Woh Shun Loong Hong.

Amoy.-Chin Cheong Hong, Mook Kek Foochow. -- Mr Yil Ching Cheong, Foo-

chow Arsenal; Mr Lum Kwok Ching, Maritime Customs. Shanghai .-- Mr Ng Ching Shun, Maritime Customs; Mr. Ho Yue Chuen, Maritime Customs; Mr Chun Sing Hoi, Messrs

Jardine, Matheson & Co.; Mr Kwong Chuen Fook, Educational Mission School; and Mow Sing Sang Kee shop. Ningpo. - Mr Sung Min Chee, Maritime

Hankow,-Yee Hing Hong. Chefoo. - Yee Shun Hong. Japan.-Mr Leong Chun Tong, Municipal Office, Yokohama.

Saigon. - Wohang Hong. Singapore. Ting Kee Hong; Kwong Foot Sang Hong. Penang.-Yow Wing Fong; Argus Office. Calcutta.-Mow Sing Company. San Francisco.-Kwong Foong Tal Hong. The above are some of the Agencies. others will be published, when they are arranged for. Negociations are in progress

with the express couriers who carry the official despatches and Peking Gazettes, to circulate the Chinese Mail in the interior of

Hongkong, March 10, 1874.

Chair and Boat Hire.

LEGALISED TARIFF OF FARES FOR CHAIRS. CHAIR BEARERS, AND BOATS,

IN THE COLONY OF HONGKONG.

Ohairs and Ordinary Pullaway Boats. Half hour, 10 cts. | Hour, 20 cts. Three hours ... 50 cts. Six hours 70 cts. Day (from 6 to 6),. ... One Dollar.

Hour, 10 cents. Half day, 85 conts. 50 cents.

Licensed Bearers (each).

nicula, per Day.

BOAT AND COOLIE HIRE, 1st Class Cargo Boat of 8 or 900 piculs, per Day, 1st Class Cargo Boat of 8 or 900 piculs, per Load, ... 2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600 piculs, per Day, ... 2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600 piculs, per Load, 8rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kan Boat of 800

8rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha kan Boat of 800 picula, per Load, ... Brd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kau Boat of 800 picule, Hall Day, ...

or Pullaway Boats, per Day, Half-an-Hour, After 6 P.M.,.....10 cents extra.

Sampans.

That for the Street Coolies is as fol-STREET COOLIES.

Nothing in this Scale prevents private agree-

Scale of Hire for Street Coolies.

One Hour,..... 5

agreements.

Nothing in the above Scale is to affect private

Shipping Intelligence. The following is corrected from the latest London and Colonial Papers, &c.:--

VESSELS TO ARRIVE.

AT HONGKONG.

From.

Hamburg

Cardiff)

Adam M. Simpson.

Agamemnon (s.)

When

Nov.

21, Fulds.

13. Vigilant,

Antwerp 18, Ernst, Cardiff' 16. Rosine, 19, Hermann,

Cardiff 29, Rosaire, Flushing 13. Blenheim, 23, Glamis Castle. Cardiff 2. Vale o' Doon. Antwerp 12, Edward Barrow. Hamburg 12, South American. Penarth Cardiff

Glasgow 15. Brecombire (1.) 22. Grossfurat Cons an in) Hamburg Cardiff 23. Monte Ross. Cardiff 23, G. C. Trufant, Liverpool 2, Antenor, London (via 4, Chocorua,

London 5. Windhover, LOADING FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORTE. At London .- Steamers via Suca Canal. Glenearn. Hankow.

Breconshire. Sailing Ves. se's,

Agnes Muir. Carricks. Eme. Abbey Town. Werra, Whiteadder. At Liverpool.

At Cardiff.

John A, Brigge,

Patroclus (8.)

Oreates (s.)

9.40 p.m., Captain Farrell had just paid off the Captain of the Petrel, when the engineer called out that something was wrong with the engines. Captain Farrell begged of the pilot not to let go the tow-rope, but he answered that he could not stay alongside. The steamer remained alongside about fourteen minutes, without steam, and the ship would not answer her helm and was drifting towards the land. The Petre! then started ahead with such force that she broke the tow-ropes, and the Golden Spur drifting helplessly to leeward touched the ground The Petrel steamed round the ship but never near enough to take hold of the tow rope again, and at about half past eleven o'clock she steamed away. The tide was falling and the vessel was touching the ground at each heave of the sea. It was decided to try and get the ship off the Bar by running before the wind, and taking advantage of the heave of the sea, but all efforts proved unavailing. The vessel swang round on her keel, with the ebb tide, from N. by E. to W. by S. She began to make water rapidly, and the crew were engaged provisioning the boats whils the passengers went to the pumps. Assist ance was sent by the French admiral, and a quantity of the cargo saved, but the vessel became a total wreck. Captain Farrell requested that an enquiry be held regarding the catastrophe, as is was clearly the fault of either the pilots or the steamer. Commission was accordingly appointed by the French authorities, and after a very beyond its original limits. careful investigation into the whole matter, It was decided that they should give no should be left entirely to the officials who might hereafter have to decide as to the liability of each of the parties interested.

Police Intelligence.

(Before Mr Creagh, April 19th.) passing himself off as a detective officer. It all have turned out well. appears that the inmate of a brothel had | On Easter Monday, the corner stone of

hard labour. Co.'s store.

11th instant.

opposite the Opium Farmer's in Bonham | Aden sunk." Strand. They were calling out "give us money or opium" to the people in the shop. They spoke in Chinese and he understood them. None of the men had anything in their hands; there were about two or three

on: they took no part in the disturbance. The defendants were fined \$15, each with the alternative of 21 days' hard labour and sine in Japan, we are credibly informed that to be exposed in the stocks for six hours at at present there are over 250,000 cases the scene of the offence. His Worship told stored in Kobe. the defendants that if they had been found armed with sticks, or there had been any signs of their having used any violence, they would have been punished more severely.

CORRESPONDE NCE.

"WHAT WILL THEY DO WITH IT?" To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL," Hongkong, April 19.

Sir,-What shall we do to honour him? have one suggestion to make, provoked just heard that there is a proposition on foot to get up a dinner. The powers forbid! Why is it that Englishmen in all parts of the world, can think of no means of doing honour to a man, but giving him a dinner? If it is determined to give him a dinner, let it be one in which the ladies can parti cipate, and cheer us by their bright presence. My objection to these dinners is, that all who have wives or sisters, when they go to these arrangements, have to leave th ladies at home to spend a dull evening. I should prefer for my own part, a gaily decorated room, and at supper the Governor could call on us to drink "General Grant -God Bless Him." And we could go back to the ball-room after giving three oheer for Mrs Grant and the family. But what I should best like to see would be some. thing of the very happy, appropriate, and enjoyable conversazione nature, You remember the way the Fourth of July was belebrated, in the Centennial year in Hong. The entertainment was called promenade concert and supper; and was great success. The place was brilliantly illuminated, and everybody was pleased I think the same sort of entertainment on the approaching "gay and festive" date would be highly suitable and satisfactory, OLD RESIDENT.

"CASTE," To the Editor of the " CHIBA MAIL."

19th April. that has been made to have a theatrical it has even been rumoured that some of performance by our amateurs some evening these north-country men were heard saying when the American General, whom we are two days ago that they were to attack him. expecting amongst us soon, is here. But Moh-yan ching had bought a pony from I believe there are many difficulties in one of these men, the price agreed upon the way of reviving "The Field of the being about twenty taels. According to Cloth of Gold." I think we have much the information elicited from one of the more likelihood of making that specially assailants,—a Shanzi man named Koo shotessful appearance we should all be ching goe, the one who had sold the pony, so desirous of making if we again | this man demanded payment, and Mongave Custe. It's a capital comedy; and it yan-ching refused, saying he did not went extremely well. Those who took part intend to pay, and if they thought they in it last time would, no doubt, be quite could take it out of him they could just willing to participate again, in the labour try. The assault was then made upon the of love which these pleasant evenings al- powerful and, over-confident Moh-yanways mean to them. The community would ohing, and it is believed that over a dozen turn out well as a silent but significant men took part in it; and their attack was compliment to the General. Even if this is of the most brutal nature that could pos-

China. SHANGHAI.

The advent of the Electric Light in Shanghai will soon be, in an experimental sense, an accomplished fact --- everything necessary for the all-important first touch

(Daily News.)

preparation at the hands of Mr J. D. Bishop. Shortly before nine o'clock on Saturday night a fire broke out near the village of Nan-i-doo, on the Pootung shore, and from the locality and magnitude of the flames it was at first believed to be one of the godowns. Several persons crossed the river with the intention of rendering assistance, but on arriving at the place little could be The flames originated in a native straw stack on the Northern side of the village, and spread rapidly to three other stacks, and to save the village the houses nearest to the stacks were pulled down. Notwithstanding this preventive measure. the flames continued to spread, and some fifteen or twenty other houses caught fire, anfi were also pulled down. The natives congregated in thousands, but having no other appliances than the usual squirts and water buckets, were powerless to cope with the flames, which continued all day on Sunday; and at night presented a bright appearance from the Bund. It was however, believed that these proceeded from the débris of the previous night's destruction, and that the fire had really not spread

At the Arsenal, on the 12th, in the presence of several mandarins and foreigners, opinion as to who was in fault, but that it two 40-pounder guns, constructed at that establishment on the Armstrong muzzleloading principle, were proved in the usual manner with bursting charges and shot. The guns are said to have stood the severe tests to which they were subjected in the most satisfactory manner. These weapons complete a battery of six of the same de-Harry Graham, an engineer on board the scription, all of which have been constructed Me-li, was fined 50 cents for drunkenness. | at the Arsenal by Chinese workmen under Chin Aching, a broker, was charged with foreign instruction and superintendence, and

lost some clothes and an opium pipe. She St. John's College, or Educational Institute met the defendant in the street, and he, for Chinese youths, at Jessfield was laid by pretending to be a detective constable, offered | Bishop Schereschewsky, who, when paying to get her things back, for which he was to a recent visit to the United States, brough receive some cakes. Wong Ashing, a detec- the matter before the Church, and succeeded -tive officer, heard of the affair and had the in enlisting sufficient interest and obtaining defendant arrested. Mr Creagh fined him sufficient funds to enable him to make \$30, with the alternative of three months' | start on his return to Shanghai and has since carried out the scheme mainly by his belonged to him; but he denies any know-Ho Awai, a coolie, was fined \$25 with the own earnest endeavours. Intended for the alternative of three months' imprisonment | eccupation of Chinese youths, the buildings with hard labour, for being found in the will be erected in Chinese style, and will unlawful possession of two bottles of scent, occupy a space of 220 feet in length by 130 which had been stelen from Miss Rose & in breath. It is intended to accommodate able to survive long. He is a man of about 200 students.

Achoi, a hawker, were charged on remand 8th April: - "The weather here has suddenwith having taken part in a hostile demon- ly turned cold, and the the mometer, after stration against the Opium Farmer on the being up for the last week to 80, has gone down to 30. One of the wrecked vessels Sheikh Asim, a watchman, stated that at | called the Forget-me-not has been got off, about 3.15 p.m. he saw a crowd of people and will proceed to Tientsin to replace the

Japan.

A tragedy was enacted on board the hundred people calling out. The two de- British schooner Chelmsford, on her passage fendants and others were in front, and they to this port from the Mauritius. The all ran towards the door. Witness at once cabin-boy had an altercation with the cook, shut the door and remained on the outside | and struck him over the head with an axe, till the Police arrived, and the defendants killing him, of course. He then jumped city in the afternoon. were arrested whilst in the act of calling overboard, and was drowned. Both were Defendants said they were only looking be held in a few days, we refrain from having been found in the house where giving particulars.

There must be a great demand for Kero-

The S.S. Thabor, for so many years the lighthouse tender, has been sold by the Public Works Department to Yashi Kaizo of Kobe for yen 35, 00. She is probably destined for the Island sea trade; Mr Kaizo is the managing partner of a firm in Kobe who are seemingly intent upon driving a trade; they own at present twentyfive vessels, and there are five or six others being built at Osaka; one of which is a steamer, under the supervision of Mr Oastler of the firms of Reid and Oastler, from my inner consciousness by my having Shipbuilders, at Benten-no-hama, Kobe.— Kobe Advertiser.

BRUTAL OUTRAGE IN A NATIVE TEA-HOUSE AT SHANGHAL Las evening, we read in the Courier, of the 14th, a horrible outrage was perpetrated in a public tea house in the Nankin Road, where a Chinaman belonging to Shanghai a well-known character here, was attacked by more than a d. zen men, and butchered in a frightful manner. The tea house which the affair took place in No. 406 of the Nankin Road, near its western extremity. On the second storey there is a large public room for tea drinking, and this room was occupied by a number of Shantung and Shansi men, who are engaged in driving ponies from the north to Shanehai. About five o'clock, the company was joined by a man named Moh-yan-ching, who prides himself on being the strongest Chinaman in Shanghai, and is well known amongst the natives for his feats of strength. He has frequently given public performances, and made it his business to train youths in gymnastic exercises, while he also kept a small shop on the French side where he sold medicines warranted to make any one as strong as he was, if they went under ble training, and followed his prescriptions Priding himself on his physical prowess, there was a good deal of prayado about him, and he was able to frighten any of the natives; but in the company he now entered there were several very powerful Sin, -I quite agree with the suggestion men, and they were prepared to fight him

has arrived, and is now in course of active whole place completely wrecked.

The riot inside the house attracted the notice of natives on the Nankin Road, and also of several foreigners who were passing. The native constable on the beat was the Police Station, and some foreigners also reported it at the Central Station. When the house was entered. Moh-yan-ching was found lying in a pool of blood on the floor. Inspector Wilson, of the Louza Police Station, lost no time in having Moh-yanching conveyed to Gutzlaff Hospital, where he was attended by Dr. Jamieson, and he was put under the influence of chloroform which fits the knife found in the tea house: | burdens. and Koo-ching-gee admits that that knife ledge about the Japanese sword sheath. At one o'clock this morning, Moh-yanoning was still alive, but his injuries are so severe that there is little hope of his being thirty-two years of age, and stood about

physical abilities are concerned. at the Mized Court on the 15th instant, abetting them; and four other men wer brought up in custody as witnesses. After

Chinese. As a Naval Enquiry is likely to chery is believed to have been prepetrated Moh-lee lodged, the keeper of that house has stated that it was put there by Moh lee

> HONGKONG. (Shanghai Courier, April 14.) DETECTIVES IN UNIFORM.

April 5th, 1879, And now our detectives are to wear uniforms, at least they talk of it, and I believe they are doing it already. What particular advantage we are to gain by it, the Lord only knows-and the Governor. We have always taken an honest pride in our police. We have pointed them out to the envious stranger, and challenged him to produce a more singular force anywhere; and up to this time the stranger has taken water undiluted. In some respects they are hard to boat. No other city has ever succeeded in ousting them from the position they have always held at the tail end of the class. They learn wisdom and fleetness from experience, and they profit by example and wise advice. If one of them gets suddenly startled in the night, the others carefully avoid that spot for all time. After the pirates called, and left their card in Wing Lok street, it was deemed advisable to alter the former system in some of its minor details, and the plan of providing each policeman with two assistant runners was introduced. This relieves the policeman from a great deal of duty which might otherwise occupy him the better part of his time, and 18, no doubt, a vast improvement. It is the duty of these runners to summon assistance in time of danger, and they are already becoming very alert and valuable. The telegraphic alarm was found to be

too expensive to be altogether practicable in these times of depression and rulnous exchanges, but this new arrangement answers the purpose just as well. It is quicker than the telegraph, and more reliable. the terrible cry of thieves is raised, these men waste no time in foolishness, but shin out of the colony, long before the lagging message on the wires could get half way to its destination. That there will always be if they graduated with me. captious censors in the community, ne matter how admirable the system, is no doubt, only too true. The discontented and the headstrong contend, that notwithstanding the good time made by the runners, they are no match for the skilled policeman whose valiant henchmen they are. He is hull down on the horizon, before they get well under way. This objection, however, is not so serious as they would have us suppose. The runners do the best they can, and with a little more practice, will be able to show as good a record as their superiors. It is not right to criticise them too severely at first. We forbear a little. They run fast enough. Their whole heart is in their business when they once get started, and that is sufficient. When the occasion comes to put their capabilities to test, we may depend on their not being left far behind;

were most barbarous, and appear to be the with empty weapons. It was manifestly store, and my dwelling bours, and by unable to defend themselves as they did.

work of professional butchers. Both his feet | unfair that all the advantages should be on | eighteen feet, was made a hospital, in conwere chopped off at the ankles; the thigh one side. The reasons why the police are sequence of which I had to send away my joints of both legs were deeply lacerated, and not allowed to carry loaded muskets, prove wife and three children. I myself stayed Garter, with the other insignia of the flesh cut to the bone from the thigh joint to be very good indeed. It seems that long and acted as interpreter between the doctor to the knee; the knee joints of both legs ago, when the colony was almost in its in- in charge and the black people. Before brother of the Order. But his man were cut, and the flesh opened downwards fancy, one of the protectors of the peace, the above-mentioned day all was quiet, to the ankles, which were mutilated stumps. somewhere out near Wanchai, drew a bead waggons arriving constantly and augment-In the same horrible manner, the elbow on a Chinese lamplighter and started him ing the store joint of the left arm was incised, and a up the golden stair, before he well knew variation in the monotony was the reports without a wearer. long and deep wound made down the arm. what struck him. It was one of those dark, of skirmishes taking place on the other side Two deep gashes were made over his eyes, gloomy mornings, just before day-break, of the river; but heavy storm is often and the tip of his nose was cut off. In the when the forms of unfamiliar objects loom preceded by sudden calm. The 22nd came, Long and sorely tried by sickness, room where this horrible butchery took up indistinct and big, and assume more and witnessed the battle in which the v rplace, there was scarcely a whole piece of distorted and fantastic shapes than even in riors on both sides showed, or perhaps we recent public utterances, has learn furniture, stools, chairs, and tables were the night. The unfortunate lamplighter compelled to show, a courage that can be broken, the windows smashed, and the had climbed the post, and was about to ex- denied neither by contemporaries nor by not in soug. tinguish the light. The figure thus pre- posterity. sented to the astonished eyes of the shaking first to report the occurrence to the Louza | twilight, its aspect was at once weird and | great fight was taking place over the river. terrible.

The doctor had ordered him some medicine staying with him are still at large. The fair play, and they still insist on coming | before them. only weapon that was found in the room prepared to shoot. Remonstrance is useless. by the police was a long knife which was No arguments that we have thought of yet, hend this movement we did not pay much marked with blood; but the broken sheath | have had the least effect. We will be driven of a Japanese sword was found, and it is back to our old system, and then the re- dreaming of the real facts. In the meanmost propable t at it was the blade which | spectable citizens whose lives are not insured, this sheath encased that was used in the must go about, through the sultry summer more closs together to one spot. Here was butchery. In Koo ching gee's house the dressed in a protective armour of boiler police discovered an empty knife-sheath, plates. This will increase our already heavy surrounded and fired at. How many had dealer who sells the "loaded" goods.

SHARE SPECULATIONS. the future financial prospects are dismal in Zulus' bullets. After twenty minutes' unscrupulous manufacturer to supply him the extreme. If stocks had continued on the heavy firing the resistance ceased, and the with such half-and-half wares. Nobody upward slope, we would have cheerfully attacking ones divided themselves again. we should suppose, ever thought of excusing taken them all up on their due date. are cut a good many thousands on this last and the other half-from 5,000 to 6,000- the "Brummagem" fivers with which he deal, and the worst of it is, thirty or forty approaching the river and the place where supplied the market. It remained for the Fong Asz, a mat-packer, and Wong A Chefoo correspondent writes under date five feet ten inches in height; was well deliars of it are in hard Mexicans. I always I was. Firing every new and then, they Textile Manufacturer to set up this plea. built and muscular, and altogether a strive to be exact, and I think that is just reached at last the river, where another Ibid. superior specimen of a Chinaman as far as about the figure take it in round numbers, skirmish took place. The spot where they We regret this very much. The balance is crossed was half a mile below the Drift, The mutilated man died next day, and in promises to pay, but the loss of the dol- and was defended by a few Natal Kaffirs. lars fills the town with gloom. No wonder A tolerably good force could easily have -before Chen, the Chinese Magistrate, we are hopeless and discouraged, and that prevented their crossing. Having killed and Dr. Macgowan, U. S. Assessor, our sky is black. No wonder we put on these few Natal Kaffirs they crossed one by curiously appropriate heading of "The Koo ching-gee and Moh lee were charged sackeloth and ashes, and shirts that don't one. This done, they sat down for half an Plague in Russia." with the murder of Moh-yan-ching; the belong to us. No wonder this heavy ava- hour in order to get some rest and to keepers of the houses in which the others lanche of misfortune has swept away our strengthen themselves from the snuff-box. lodged, were charged with aiding and faith, knocked the bottom out of our credit. Then they separated and again divided into honesty have withered like the flower that river, the other taking its way towards us. and the eight men were conveyed to the and light of pocket now. No bright star of set on fire; but we were so far from fancy- way. - Norristown Herald. hope sheds its beams on them. No ray of ing that the Zulus would cross the river How to Take AN OATR.—How is it the

> THE COLONIAL GOVERNOR. The people don't seem to grow much fonder of the Governor as time rolls on. last move has set the colonial pot boiling

The positions of head master and inspector some years have been ably filled by an old resident of the colony who has recently reanxious to see that, if there is any advangrown to be almost a time-honored custom. The work has, for years, been done conscientiously and well, and a more shrewd and honorable school-master, magistrate, and coroner, does not hold office in Hongkong. The colonists think, therefore, that this preference of personal favorites, to the injury of tried and reliable servants of the public, is somewhat unjust.

I am not an anti-Governor man. I have concealed my shapely legs under his mahogany, many and many a time. He knows my liberal disposition, and that I have encouraged and supported him, in many of his measures; and if he was bound to give that position to anybody, why didnt he give it to me? I don't know what the pay is, -don't care. I will take anything. He knows I am a man of acquirements. He knows I could acquire as

If there is anything I am heavy in, (except the feet), it is in inspecting schools. believe I could set most of them crazy that business. Suffer little children come at me. Nobody could tease them v such rank simplicity as those elementary

THE MASSACRE AT ISANDULA.

Mr Witt, the swedish missionary, who saw barricade kneeling and firing. The whole the fighting at Landula on Jan. 22, and force drew nearer, and the battle grew who arrived at Plymouth in the Warwick heavier. Soon the hospital was on fire. Unstles day or two before the mail just to Our people found it impossible to defend han i left Europe

warm, rose over my station, Oscaraburg, the commissariat atore. The sick people situate at the Buffalo Blver. On the Natal were brought here except five who could side of the farm is a drift into the Zulu not be removed, and who were stuck by country, known by the name of Korke's the Zulus and burned. That the hospital Drift, ten minutes' walk from the drift was put on fire was certainly a great where my houses, two large buildings, were personal loss for me, as all my property situate at the border of the Eulu country, was burned, but it was of great importance At an inquest held here a while ago, and at the very place where the greatest for the whole colony, and especially for the all that is to be done; I fancy it should be sibly be conceived. Mohiyan ching stated and of which I may have a word to say resistance from the Zulus was expected. People in the commissariat store as the arranged or agreed upon at once. What I last night that all he remembered was that later,—among other ourious facts developed, These buildings were found very fit indeed flames of the burning house enabled them fear is that the General will be here before some one struck him on the head with a were the reasons why the armed police car for military purposes, and at the request of to him properly on the Eulus, and thus any of us know where we are, or what we stool, knocking him down on the floor | he | ried arms, but not leaded ones. This fact | the general commanding the forces I had keep them at a fair distance. If the Zulus are to do to make ourselves pleasant to our knew no more after that, and could not having been brought to light during the in- telt them at his disposal. A large outhouse, had known, they would never have put fire Allustrious visitor, and pay him those salaams tell who attacked him. The injuries in- vestigation, one of the jurors suggested, eighty feet by twenty feet, which I used to the house; the heavy darkness of that flicted while he was held down on the floor that the pirates also be compelled to come as a church, was turned into a commissariat dreadful night would have made our troops.

Dr. R—and myself had in the morning policeman, was that of a gigantic spirit, of made up our minds to pay a visit to a. superhuman stature, and extraordinary missionary in the neighbourhood. When length of limb, and in the grey of early about to start at noon, we were told that a In company with the chaplain of the forces we ascended a hill 500 feet both between the the night before, and his first impulse was station and the river, from which we had to go home and take it; but he looked again, an excellent view of what was going on. and then he saw that this was no ghostly At a distance of three miles as the crow flies visitant, but a thief who had climbed the | we saw the place where the camp wer made. post that he might snatch it up by the roots. | The whole spot was crowded with black It was easy to see that he could not get a figures swarming about. Down below us, good grip on it any other way. He was a though very hilly and broken, contained a while his ghastly wounds were carefully hasty man, with little regard for ceremony, large flat between us and the camp, and on | dignus vindice nodus could have drawn do dressed. Mr Wilson also made active -this policeman, and was liable to pull this flat we saw three lines drawn, the one such a dignitary from his Episcopal endeavours to capture the brutal perpetra- trigger first, and then call around in the end reaching the camp and the other the Olympus. The point which the Bishop a tors of the outrage; and he succeeded in evening and make inquiries, and so he just river. The whole of it was a shocking pears to contend for is that Bishops he getting hold of two of the ringleaders, one lifted his old matchlock, squinted his eye sight. The heavy firing from the rifles, die stion-confined, it is true, in the being Koo-ching-gee, the man who had sol | along the barrel, closed it, and let go. The | mixed with the rolling sound of the big | particular case, to actions under the Chur the pony to Moh-yan-ching, and who had lamplighter also let go, and came down guns, and the movement of the lines-all Discipline Act. But if they are allowed raised the quarrel with him. This man, - "by the run." After this occurrence, the this caused a nervous feeling that some- have discretion for that, who knows but a pretty big and strong looking fellow, - authorities came to the conclusion that thing terrifying was going on. What struck may in time extend to other things? Wh had a slight wound on his forehead. He it would be more conducive to the bet- us in the beginning was that a good many a good time the Church will have of it the was found lying at the doorway of the house | ter interests of the colonists, if the police | of the officers of the Native Contingent had | -Ibid. where the outrage took place. Two or three | were required to bring their guns empty, one by one crossed the river some miles others who are supposed to be implicated and load after they had flushed the game. | below the mission station, and came gallopin the affair-and who stayed in a house This is a good rule in some respects; ing towards it as fast as the horses could with Koo-ching-gee in the Nankin Road - it adds to the security of the innocent, but carry them, and on the left-hand side we have also been apprehended; but a number it unfortunately works both ways. The noticed some of the mounted natives crossof other men who are known to have been pirates have no correct idea of justice, or ing at the Drift and driving some cattle Although we could not clearly compre-

attention to it, our minds being far from tending that as there is a "demand" for time the three lines had drawn themselves | harm in supplying them. a large Kaffir kraal, which was gradually from the customers who wear, but from the entered it I do not know, and will probably never learn, because those who were | ing, for cotton, cloths half cotton half Chine We have been badly let in on shares, and inside there were certainly killed by the clay, that an unscrupulous draper asks ar Half of them returned towards the camp, Melter Moss by plending the "demand" for

The Japanese sword with which the but- sunshine lights up the winter of their dis- that we never had the slightest idea of the New Testament is not considered a good real state of things, but were still thinking and sufficient thing to swear by? I am that the approaching black people were our constrained to as this question because own troops. They now were so close to us the other day I had to make an affidavit that their bullets could easily have reached that a certain insolvent owed me some us, and we saw that they were all naked. money, which I was assured there was It was then apparent to us that the thick no hope of ever recovering. The highly mass that swarmed in the camp were the respectable gentleman who was competent of schools were formerly combined, and for Zulus, who had taken possession of it, the to witness the affidavit didn't happen to light lines firing at the kraal were Zulus, have a Bible on the spot-(what highly reand, finally, those who had crossed the spectable man now a-days ever has?) -so turned from a vacation home. The matter river and were approaching were Zulus, he ordered me to go and find one. After has been so engineered that the offices are The few whites whom we had seen gallop. spending nearly an hour in the search, I now divided, and one,—that of inspector,— ing now and then to the Natal side perhaps | was forced to come back with a cheap copy given to an outsider. As an abstract matter | were the only survivors of all those who, a | of the New Testament which was superof principle, I believe, and all my experience week before, had entered the Zulu country. | ciliously rejected. In despair I accepted goes to show, that the man who deals the Our eyes were opened, but why had they the offer from a neighbor of a copy of the cards is not the proper person to cut. It not been before? How had the idea of the Letters of Junius, bound in Bible fashion. may perhaps go down, when you are operat- | possibility of a disaster on our side been so | and the gentleman recognising the familiar ing for fun only, but when you come to play far from us that the clearest facts had been outside, solemnly and without hesitation the jub for refreshments, a man is naturally | unable to make it enter our minds? The | proceeded to attest the declaration, Now, officers' flight, the burning farm, the why should this be thus .-- "Bones to pick" tage taken, the other party shall not take | immense masses (say 20,000) moving to and | in Wide Bay News. it. In this school business, however, it had fro in light lines—why had not this long ago told us that the Lord's thoughts are not our thoughts, nor our ways His? These ideas were crossing my mind while we speedily descended the hill followed by the

Arrived at the houses we saw at once a new proof of the sad truth to which our eyes had just been opened. The tents which surrounded the houses, and were used by a company left there under Major Sportding for the protection of the hospital and the commissariat store, had been pulled down, and a temporary barricade of meal sacks was made between the houses, at a distance of twenty yards from one another. Here we were met by anxious questions from many lips, "Do the Zulus come here?" and compelled to a swer, "In five minutes they will be here," and in the same moment the fighting began in the much as any of these gentlemen amateurs, neighbourhood. Though wishing to take part in the defence of my own house, and at the same time in the defence of an important place for the defence of the whole at colony, yet my thoughts went to my wife to and children, who were at a short distance from there, and did not know anything of what was going on; and having seen one conundrums that were given the other day, party of the Zulus making their way in that direction, I followed the desire of my heart, saddled my horses, and started to warn my family. What my poor family had to suffer before, after five days' journey to Maritsburg, chased by Zulus and fright tened by all sorts of reports, I will pass NARBATIVE OF MR WITT, THE MISSIONARY. Over as of no interest for other people. The attack on Occarsburg had been awful. The following is the written narrative of Before I started I saw a Zulu alone at the themselves inside the barricade. They on Jan. 22, 1879, the sun, bright and must retire within the will, thus entering

PRINCE LEOPOLD'S NEW ORL Prince Albert could pass his mantle illustrious fraternity, to some succe brotherhood in that higher Order o wise and good, who think and work for provisions, and the only welfare of men, has since his death rem

It has found one, where he should been looked for, in his son Prince Leo young Prince, we rejoice to learn by suffering what he now teaches in speec

The genial and energetic elements Ruling Race were already appropriate his brothers, but his father's mantle the high Order of Princely Thinkers Workers for Culture remained for youngest. Punch hails his assumption this his true toga virilis .- Punch.

LET A BISHOP BE ONE HAVIN DISCRETION.

Here's the Bishop of Oxford, in sacri proprid persond, appearing before the Jud of the Queen's Bench Division in I assembled! No wonder such a specta has crowded the Court. Of course onl

"MILLERS AND THEIR MEN" FO THE LAST TIME-(WE HOPE). Our friend, the Textile Manufacturer, not daunted even by the late verdict again. his friends the Millers and their Men. returns to the subject in a long and bounce able article, riding off on the difference be tween "sizing," and "stiffening;" and con sized and stiffened goods, there can be n

He forgets that the " temand" comes no It does not lessen the dishonesty of sell-

An finglish paper the other day announced the arrival of the Ameer Shere

The Louisville Courier-Journal has discovered a young lady who blushes, goes to bed at 9 o'clock, eats heartly, speaks plain No wonder the last faint remnants of our parties, the one following the course of the English, respects her mother, doesn't want a formal investigation, the prisoners were is touched by the autumn frosts. Our | We now perceived that the house of a | She must be one of Edison's new invenbrokers are sad of heart, and long of face, neighbouring farmer on the Natal side was | tions. A young lady was never born that

Quotations.

OPIUM.-New Patna, cash....\$565

Hongkong, April 18, 1879.

New Bunares, cash, 530

New Malwa, credit, 750 Allowance Taols. — Old Malwa, credit, 750 Allowance Tacle, -Exchange. Bank, Wire,... ,, 30 days' sight, 6 months' sight, Credits, Documentary, 6 months' sight, 3/7 India, Wire,... demand.... Shanghai, demand. ... 80-days' sight, Gold Leaf, 99 fine ...

Sovereigns, ...

Shares. Hongkong Bank, 45 % prem. Union Ins. Society of Cauton. \$1,400 North China Ins. Co., Tls. 1,25) China Traders' Ins. Co., \$1,800 Yangtsze Ins. Assoc., Tls. 725 Chinese Insurance Co., \$270 H.K. Fire ins. Co., \$760 China Vire Ins. Co., \$175 H. K. & W. Dock Co., par, H.K. U. & M. S. boat Con &6 dis. Shanghal Steam Navigation, Tis. 17 China Coast St. Nav. Co., Tis. 95, ex div. Hongkong Gas Co., \$70 Hongkong Hotel Co., \$65 Chius Sugar Refining Co., \$135 Chinese Imperial Loan, £113 of 1877, £110

Temperature.

(Taken at Mesers Fulconer & Co.'s Premises, Queen's Road.) Honoxone, April 19, 1870.

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ka	U AIDS	eter=9 a.m.	-
	P-WAD	TELER-CT W. W	76
	Do.	1 P.M	79
ţ	Do.	4 P. M	40
	2)0.	(Wes bulb) B A.M.	73
	Do.	Do. 1 P.M.	75
•	Do.	Do. 4 P.M.	10
	Do.	Maximum	79
	Do,	Minimum over alghi	- 53
		The state of the s	

Portsolio.

SONNET.

ind of God, that blowest in the mind, blow, and wake the gentle spring in me; , swifter blow, a strong, warm summer

Il the flowers with eyes come out to see; till the fruit hangs red on every tree, our high-soaring song-larks meet Thy the imperfect sours, descends the per-

fect Love.

vnot the less though winter cometh then; w, wind of God, blow hither changes keen; the spring creep into the ground again, lowers close all their eyes not to be seen; lives in Thee that ever once hath been. W, fill my upper air with icy storms: athe cold, O wind of God, and kill my

kerworms. -George Macdonald.

TOGETHER. The snowy bloom is on the brier, All frosty lies the fallow; The hunters gather round the fire, And sigh for hound and halloo. Vhilst bending o'er a poet's book, Secure from wind and weather, Within a velvet-curtained nook Sit she and I together.

This morning we were strangers yet; But in those dreamy pages We find somehow our souls have met, And lived and loved for ages. And life is as a summer day, Love laughs at wintry weather : The other world's so far away, And we so near together.

The golden sun shall shine again,

The chase demand its lover, And I no more be lonely when I canter to the covert. For through the world, whate'er betide, In storm or sunny weather, We two shall ride on side by side, My love and I together. -World.

LORO CHELMSFORD'S DES-

PATCHES. The Secretary of State for War has received the following despatches from Lord Chelmsford, K.C.B., commanding the forces in South Africa :-

Pletermaritzburg, Natal, Jan. 29. Sin, The telegram I sent you to-day will have conveyed the sad intelligence of the misfortune which has occurred to a portion of the force under my command. The court of inquiry which is about to assemble will, I trust, be able to collect sufficient of that melancholy day. On Jan. 20, No. 3 Mountain, as far as a place called Matyana's stronghold—a deep valley full of caves, in reserve. with three precipitous sides, over one of Its bottom, enters the Buffalo River at a Not having time to properly examine the Commandant Lonsdale, worked round a flat-topped mountain called Mala-Inhlazatye ra ge.

these two parties were that they were to ! effect a communication along the open a shot being fired at us. ground on the Inhlazatye range, and then return to camp with the information they one of my own staff fficers who had accom- was in some anxiety. The troops had no to ask for the following reinforcements, instructions as to the supplying of manupanied Major Dartnell returned to camp, spare ammunition and only a few biscuits. viz., three British infantry regiments, two script by correspondents—" Never write and reported that the latter had been A large portion of them had no other food cavalry regiments, and one c mpany Royal with pen or ink. It is altogether too plain, unable to effect a complete reconnaissance of for forty-eight hours All had marched at Engineers. The cavalry must be prepared and doesn't hold the mind of the editor and the country beyond the small river alluded least thirty miles the day before, and had to act as mounted infantry, and should printers closely enough to their work. to, as he had found it occupied by the passed an almost sleepless night on the have their swords fastened to their saddles, you are compelled to use ink, never use a enemy in some force, that he had called up stony ground No one, therefore, was fit and their carbines slung, muzzle down- blotting pad. If you drop a blot of ink on the two battalions Native Contingent, and for any prolonged exertion, and it was wards, by a strap across the shoulder. The the paper, lick it off. The intelligent comthat if I sent them three companies of certain that daylight would reveal a sight swords should, if possible, be somewhat shor- positor loves nothing so dearly as to read British Infantry to give them confidence he which could not but have a demoralising ter than the present regulation pattern. At through the smear this will make across Is advisable to comply with this request, as therefore, to reach our nearest supply smith, and collar maker, must be sent out hang over such a piece of copy half an the day was far advanced and the distance depot at Rorke's Drift as quickly as possible, at once to replace casualties in N-5th Lieut. hour, swearing like a pirate all the time, great. Biscuit was sent out to the force which bivenacked on the northern edge of was fairly light. 22, Col. Giyn, having received a despatch heavy smoke was seen to be rising from the veterinary surgeons for delot duty would punctuate and capitalise to suit ourselves the Inhieratye range. At 28 A.M. on Jan.

wish done. Eritical, I ordered Colonel Glyn to move To our intense relief, however, on nearing to his assistance with all the available men | the Buffa o River the waving of hate was of the 2nd batt. 24th Regt., consisting of seen from the inside of a hastily erected siz companies, and also to take four guns entrenchment, and information soon reachand the mounted infantry. An express ed me that the gallant garrison of this and as med with breech loaders, to move up to atrongthen the force which was left to

gened the camp. Royal Artillery, two officers, seventysight men, two guns. Two rocket tubes, one officers, ten men (Lieut.-Col. Durnford'a killed and nine wounded. First batt, 24th Regi Fifteen officers, 334 men. second batt. 24th Regt; Five officers, ninety men. Mounted European Corps-Five officers, 204 men. Natal Native Contingent-Nineteen officers, 391 men. Natal Proneers One officer, ten men. Lient.-Col. Durnford's force, eighteen officers, 450 men. Total natives, 251 men. Total Europeans (including officers), 772.

abouts did not appear to be very certain. Lieut.-Col. Durnford then took his 450 forward. The enemy shortly after showed in consider. natives up the heights, and went, so far as able strength on some heights opposite to I can learn, about five miles from camp, the Inhlazatye range, but at some distance, session of a projecting spur which ran out | word to Lieut.-Col. Pulleine, and with his reason of this. It is confidently stated by article. into the plain beneath, and completely commanded it. I at once ordered the two battaliods Native Contingent to move across and occupy the spur in question, and sent word to Col. Glyn to move with the guns. and the 2nd batt. 24th Regt. up a valley which lay to the left flunk, and the Mounted Police and Volunteers guarded the right.

A general advance was then made, and unable to find a fresh supply of ammunithe enemy retired without firing; on the tion, it appears they disbanded themselves and made the best of their way to the Bufextreme right, however, the Natal Carbineers, under Capt. Shepstone, managed falo, where they awam the river and reto cut off about 300, who took refuge on a crossed into Natal, assisting, however, as difficult hill and in some caves. were finally dislodged with the assistance of the camp to escape. As regards the proceedsome of the Native Contingent, and fifty ings of the six companies of British Infantry, were killed. The main force of the enemy two guns, and two rocket tubes, the garrison retired to Isipisi Hill, which was about six of the camp, I can obtain but little miles off; on their flanks being threatened information. One company went off to the by the advance of the mounted corps.

Whilst these operations, were going on, of since, and the other five, I understand, Col. Glyn received about 9 A.M. a short engaged the enemy about a mile to the left note from Lieut. Col. Pulleine, saying that | front of the camp, and made there a most camp, but giving no further particulars. So long as they kept their faces to the officer to be a good one, and with two firing was heard to the left iront of the stubborn and gallant resistance. I sent Lient. Milne, R.N., my alde-de- enemy the Zulus were, I am told, quite camp, at once to the top of a high hill from unable to drive them back, and fell in which the camp could be seen, and he re- heaps before the deadly fire poured into mained there for at least an hour with a them. An officer who visited this part of very powerful telescops, but could detect | the field of battle on the following morning nothing unusual in that direction. Having reported that the loss of the Zulus in killed no cause, therefore, to feel any anxiety could not be less than 2,000. When, about the safety of the camp, I ordered however, the Zulus got round the left flank Lieut. Col. Russell to make a sweep round of these brave men they appear to have lost with the Mounted Infantry to the main their presence of mind, and to have retired fantry went over the bill top to the same | been struck. Immediately the whole Zuiu traced their steps.

near the Mangeni River, which runs into crossing was deep and rapid. Many were Matyana's stronghold. One battalion of shot or assegued, and many were swept the Native Contingent was ordered to march away by the current, and it is presumed watercuttings, which intersect the plain, defensive position in the camp itself, and some 200 or 800 mounted men. I am still things. One shilling was the charge to and which might very possibly conceal some utilised there the materials for a hasty en- in hopes, however, that the authority of the of the en my. Having fixed upon the trenchment which lay near to hand, I feel Colonial Government will be asserted, and situation for the camp, and having ordered absolutely confident that the whole Zulu will prove sufficient to fill up these battalthe troops then on the ground to bivouse army would not have been able to dislodge long, the officers and non-commissioned there that night, I started to return to camp them. It appears that the ozen were yoked officers of which are still on the frontier, with the Mounted Infantry under Lieut. to the waggons three hours before the where they will be available for frontier Col. Russell as my escort, when within attack took place, so that there was ample defence at least. about six miles of the camp I found the 1st time to construct that waggon-laager which 8. Such is the position of affairs in the batt. Native Contingent halted, and shortly the Dutch in former days understood so colony. Every effort will be made to proafter Commandant Longdale rode up to well. Had, however, even the tents been cure reinforcements. Col. Buller, Rifle report that he had ridden into camp, and struck and the British troops placed with Brigade, one of my aides de camp, has found it in possession of the Zulus. I at their backs to the precipitous Insalwana started for the Free State with a letter to once sent word to Col. Glyn to bring back Hill, I feel sure that they could have made the President from his Excellency the all the troops, and I myself advanced with a successful resistance. Rumours reached High Commissioner, with the view of proto be almost inc mprehensible; but, from the Mounted Infantry and the Native me, however, that the troops were deceived the account of the few who escaped, I am | Contingent battalien for about two miles, by a simulated retreat, and in their eagerable to give you a narrative which, though | when I halted to await the arrival of the | ness to close with the enemy, allowed themperhaps not absolutely accurate as to facts, rest of the force. Lieut. Col. Russell went selves to be drawn away from their line of of 50 mounted men from the Cape Colony will convey to you a fair idea of the events | forward to reconnoitre the camp, and fully | defence. confirmed all the Commandant Lonadale Our actual loss cannot as yet be correctly had reported. On the arrival of Col. Glyn ascertained, but I fear that it cannot be its camp on the left side of the Buffalo and his force I at once formed them into less than 30 officers, and about 500 non-River, and marched about ten miles along fighting order; guns in the centre, on the commissioned officers, rank and file, belongthe waggon track which leads from Rorke's road, with three companies 2nd batt, 24th ing to the Imperial troops, and 21 officers Drift to the Indeni forest, and encamped Regt. on each flank in fours; Native Con- and 70 non-commissioned officers, rank and with its back to an isolated, precipitous- tingent battalions, one on each flank of the file, of the colonial forces. Insalwana. On the 20th I myself made a and natives, armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the street of the same and natives, armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same and natives, armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same and natives, armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same and natives, armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, forming a colony has already shown itself, and the same armed with guns, and the colon waggon track, which skirts the Inhlezatye the extreme right, Natal mounted volun- alarm. The result of this has been to proteers on the extreme left, mounted police duce a similar effect upon the native mind,

which a small river falls, and flowing along plain with great speed and in excellent trust, be shecked with a firm hand by the order, but could not reach the neighbour. Natal Government, as the natives were distance of about twelve or fifteen miles. | hood of our camp until after dark. The ordered out by their supreme chief, the artillery came into action on the road and Lient.-Governor of Natal, and have no country round this particular stronghold, shelled the crest of the narrow neck over into which I was told the enemy would which our line of retreat lay, whilst his order. The fact remains, however, very probably retire, I ordered that the the left wing, under Major Black, 2nd next day two separate parties should move batt. 24th Regt., moved forward to seize a be depended upon, and additional British out from camp at an early hour, and bring small stony hill on the left of this neck, me back a full description of it. One the occupation of which would secure our under Major Dartnell, consisting of the left flank. Major Black seized the position Mounted Police and Volunteers, of which | without opposition, and the right wing then he is commandant, took the same road advanced and occupied the neck in queswhich I had taken; whilst another, consist- tion, the right flank being protected by the ing of two battalions Native Contingent, precipitous sides of the Insalwana Hill. The whole force lay down amidst the débris of the plundered camp, and the corpses of to be attacked in front, and most probably hard I feel sure that the convoy would not at Rorke's Drift.—I have &c., kata, which is the southern part of the dead men, horses, and oxen, fully expecting The orders given to the commanders of in rear also. A few alarms occurred during the night, but it passed, however, without

At early dawn the following morning ordered the troops to move off with all

conior staff officer to inquire what I would that post were lost to us, and I felt that most fasvourable time for campaigning those at Helpmakaar, some twelve miles namely, at the end of the rainy season. -- I Feeling" that the position was rather further off, must have shared the same fate. have, &c., was cent off to Lieut.-Ocl. Durnford, Royal post, some slaty of the 2nd batt. 24th Engineers, who was at Rorke's Drift with Regt., under Lieut. Bromhead, and a few B O patives, half of whom were mounted volunteers and departmental officers, the whole under Lieut, Chard, R.E. had for twelve hours made the most gallant resistance I have ever beard of against the The strength of this force was as follows: determined attacks of some 3,000 Zulus, 870 of whose dead bodies surrounded the post. The loss of the garrison was thirteen

On reaching Rorke's Drift, I, for the first time, heard some particulars of the attack upon the Insalwana Camp, and am thus able to furnish the following narrative, the absolute accuracy of which, however, I

cannot wouch for :--Shortly before the arrival of Lieut. Col. 22nd ult. had been conveyed to Col. Wood, Durnford in camp with his 450 natives, in- at Uirecht with great readiness, by Capt. formation had reached Lieut.-Col. Pulleine Was left in charge of the camp, and received from the left pickets that a number of Zulus had escaped from the camp of No. 8 tires instructions that he was left there to had been seen on that flank. On receiving Column, after conveying orders to this information Lieut. Col. Durnford asked officer commanding there from Col. Glyn, The reinforcement tinder Col. Glyn Lieut. Col. Pulleine to give bim two com: O.B., twelve miles distant. Col. Wood in the M. in sed Infantry. I resched Major and attack them. Lieux-tiel, Pulleling at 8. On my arrival here I at once directed of the pasty side of the pasty si

shown no signs of activity, and everything when he found himself in front of a very is quiet along the border. I have no mounted Basutos retired slowly before the some that it is only preparatory to further energetic action; others, again, who claim to be well informed from native sources, declare that the losses inflicted on the the advance of the enemy for a considerable | Zulus at Isandula alone were so enormous as to make them disinclined to attack us again, unless they are fully assured ed to retire quickly on the camp. Being they have an advantage. It must be remembered that since our crossing the frontier the Zulus have been five times defeated and always with loss.

7. Of the seven battalions of Native

engaged. The conduct of the two battal.

5. I append a return showing the distribution of the forces under my command. These | far as they could, many of our fugitives from 6. Col. Pearson seems fully assured of his ability to hold his own against any number of Zulus. He has 1,200 British troops, with about 320 rounds per rifle, and provisions for two months. Major Barrow, 19th Hussars, reports well of the position extreme left, and has never been heard of the post and its healthiness. The water is close to and under fire of the fort, and is

feel that with the force within reach authorised to hold his present position. shall be better able to form an opinion as to the steps to be taken to organise the detachments at the Lower Tugela. waggon track, whilst a portion of the in- hastily through the tents which had never point, and the guns, with an escort, re- force surrounded them they were overpowered by numbers, and the camp was lost. , myself, proceeded with Col. Glyn to fix Those who were mounted ran the gaunlet, upon a site for our new camp, which I had and some small portion managed to reach determined to shift the next day to ground | the river, which, however, at the point of

Zulus, who advanced to attack him. The

mounted Basutes, I hear from many quar-

ters, behaved remarkably well, and delayed

time. Their ammunition, however, began

to run short, and they were, at last, oblig-

Had the force in question but taken up a | columns across the border, beyond those of have been drowned.

and our native contingents are beginning We advanced in this order across the to lose heavily by desertion. This will, I right to leave their corps until released by that the Natal native allies are no longer to carried to a successful issue. The country expect, and the labour of advancing with a practicable, and even then had it rained Company 2nd batt. 24th Regt. of the post have got on. The line of communication is very much exposed, and would require a party of mounted men always patrolling, and fixed entrenched posts of infantry at intervals of about ten miles.

Under these circumstances I feel obliged and, as I already said, moved off before it Col. Harness's battery. A dozen farriers he felt that good. Don't punctuate. We

> CHELMSFORD, Lieut. Gemeral. No. II.

A supplement to the London Gatette, published on March b, contains the follow-Peitermaritzburg, Natal, Feb. 8.

Sin,-I Since the date of my last despatch I have received a copy of Col. Pearson's report (No. 1 Column), on the occurrences of Jan. 23, when he defeated the Zulu forces with a loss of 800 killed. This report, addressed to His Excellency the High Commissioner, has been published for the information of the colony, a copy of which I have the honour to enclose

(marked A). 2. Col. Wood (No. 4 Column) on Jan. 24 dispersed the force of Zulue, with a loss of fifty men killed, that had been ordered to attack him. News of the events of the Alan Gardner, 14th Hussars. This officer

dered him to send out his mounted men to the camp, and that without a positive order reference to my previous instructions. A of it with a pen stick, it will do still better. gain intelligence of the enemy, whose where- he could not allow the companies to leave. copy of my telegram and his reply I when your article is completed, crunch about allow the companies to leave. 4. The Zulu have since the 24th ult. or three days before sending it. This rubs off all superflucus pencil marks, and makes it lighter to handle. If you can think of large army of Zulus. He at once sent back means of forming an, opinion as to the it, lose one page out of the middle of your missing, and we love to do it. We have

> at a large station in India, when I perceived a diminutive man, almost as small as the renowned "Tom Thumb," come up the garden. On aceing me he began to dance in a most ludicrous way, keeping an accompaniment to his antics by strumming on tin-pot with a piece of tin. I was busy reading, and the man and his noise annoyed me, so I ordered him in an angry way be off, but he showed no inclination to obey. So I laid down my book, and looked at this strange specimen of humanity with some curiosity, for he was not at all a bad looking fellow and was dressed in European very good. The road from Ekowe from the Lower Tugela is reported by the same him at the Lower Tugela, Col. Pearson is proceed to morrow to that place, when

Two gentlemen, according to his acceptation of the word, induced him to go to England with them, promising him a large amount of money if he would feign to be a monkey. He accepted the proposal, and Contingent all but three have disbanded accordingly they stuck hair all over him, themselves; these three have not been fastened a tail on him, and in every way made him look as far as it was in their ions under Commandant Lonsdale with power to do so, like the animal he was to No. 3 Column up to the day following the personify in future. On their arrival in disaster to the camp was all that I could wish. Those, however, who knew the England they showed him off in a large natives foresaw that they would break up cage at different towns as the "Speaking father, the wife with her's. I saw Maidstone Monkey." they made him climb poles, after hearing of the death of their chiefs crack nuts, and do a number of tricks. At (who had remained in camp on Jan. 22). the same time he had to answer all their li cannot, therefore, count on retaining the services of any Native Contingent with the A force of 200 mounted men is already b ing raised at Port Elizateth, and a draft

9. Mr Sprigg, the Colonial Cape Colony, has shown every desire to assist us at this emergency; he despatched at once the three companies of the 2nd batt. 4th Regt. from Cape Town, They have arrived at headquarters and four companies of the was a species of monkey and had unbound are likely to find to their cost. As we Teconnaissance about ten miles on the same third rank in front; mounted infantry on European colonis a generally are in great which about the line. After placing him near the fire well received in Pekin, was starting for 10. Every effort will be made to reinforce he had revived and told them the events of road. It now appears that the Chinese procured their little protégé a passage out, and he then told me how the ship cook

Wood's column, in view of enabling him to resume active operations from that

The refitting No. 3 Column will, of necessity, take some little time, as the road (160 miles) from this to Helpmakaar very much cut up by the rains.

12. I have not yet received from Col. Hassard, C.B., C.R.E., the proceedings of of the Court of Inquiry ordered to assemble operations against the Zulus are to be regarding the loss of the camp on the 22nd ult.; neither have I received from Col. is far more difficult than I had been led to Glyn, C.B., commanding No. 3 Column, an official list of the casualties on that long train of waggons is enormous. It took | occasion. I regret also to state that I am seven days' hard work by one half of No. 3 still without an official report from Col. Column to make the ten miles of road he- Ulyn of the details of the gallant defence tween Rorke's Drift and Insalwana Hill made on the 22nd and 23rd ult. by the

CHELMSFORD, Lieut.-General.

ADVICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

An American editor issues the following

least 100 artillerymen, with farrier, shoeing hirty or torty words. We have seen him or good showing smiths are urgently required | prefer to punctuate all manuscript sent us. On sighting the post at Rorke's Drift for the several columns, and two additional And don't use capitals. Then we can house, and the Zulus were seen retiring be very valuable. If the reinforcements and your article, when you see it in print, was in great force in front of him, sent his from it. It appeared as if our supplies at are sent out at once they will acrive at the will astonish, even if it doesn't please you. Don't try to wri e too plainly. It is a sign of plebeian origin and State school b ceding. Poor writing is an indication of genius. is about the only indication of genius that a great many men possess. Scrawl your article with your eyes shut, and make every world as illegible as you can. We get the same price for it from the ragman as though ing second despatch from Lord Chelmsford, it were covered with copperplate sentences. Avoid all painstaking, with proper names. We know the full name of every man woman, and child in the United States, and the merest hint at the name is sufficient. For instance, if you write a character something like a drunken figure '8,' and then draw a wavy line, we know at once that you mean Samuel Morrison, even though you may think you mean Lamuel Measenger. Always write on both sides of the paper, and when you have filled up every page, trail a line up and down every ma gin, and back to the top of the first page, closing your article by writing the afgnature just above the date. How we do love to get hold of articles written in this style! And how we should like to get hold of the man that sends them | Just for ten

minutes. Alone. In the woods, with a

revolver in our hip pocket. Revenge is

nothing else to do." A STRANGE STORY. The Madras Times publishes the follow ing communication :-I was one morning sitting in my verandah

clothes. I offered him some tea and bread, time. and this he ate greedily as if very hungry. After having consumed enough to satisfy his appetite, he told me the following story. which I have not a shadow of a doubt was true, for he told it with the greatest simplicity, and could not have invented it out of his own imagination :-

questions, make puns and read the alphabet from a child's book; also various other After paying for the sight of him, to use his own words, "the gentry threw me coppers, often silver," which money the aforesaid gentlemen took into their possession, promising always they would send him back to India with a lakh of rupees. After two or three years he became tired and sick, and he could do no more monkey tricks, and the gentlemen finding they could where it was I can hardly say, but it is make no more money by keeping him, determined to get rid of him, and one morn. ing he found himself tied up to a tree in what he called a jungle, -a forest I pre-He went on to tell me that he thinks he must have been lying there some time, for when he awoke he was very cold and hungry, and must have " gone dead " for a long time. I expect he had been drugged, for he said he fell off again to sleep, and remembered nothing more till he found himself in a tavern with several tied up to a tree while passing through the forest, and at first thought him a devil, duction, may be utterly worthless; and

board. Every incident from the moment he left India to the hour he arrived out again, he related in the most truthful way, During my last visit to the station I made was dead. His life would have made quite it. His sufferings must have been great at him shut up in the cage for hours, and if would refuse him food, and kept him so

could not make himself understood.

METEOROLOGICAL. The work of the Indian Meteorological Department is beginning to attract favourable notice, not only from Nature and other English scientific journals, but also on the continent of Europe. In the seventh number of the Geographisches Jahrbuch, Dr J. Hann, the Austrian meteorologist, in an article on the progress of geographical meteorology, writes :- "The Indian observatory system, now at last united under a single head, already stands on a level immense gain to the country, if the public. with the best organized meteorological Press reflected in its leading columns, the departments of Europe in everything that minds of cultivated women as well as men. concerns the disposition on the stations, the The morality of women is undoubtedly of a methods of observation, and the general higher average order than that of men. organization. The number of observatories Without discussing its causes, we simply has been systematically extended so as to state the fact. There is a higher and purer fill up the gaps that formerly existed in the morality amongst women than amongst men. network of stations on the mainland; and, We hold no extravagant views about women, in addition to the interesting stations on the or women's rights, or women's powers, but Andaman and Nicobar Islands, others have we believe that the accession of a large now been founded in Burmah. The Indian number of refined and educated women to observatory network is the only one that the ranks of journalism, would distinctly reaches so far down into the tropical zone, raise and improve its character. Why a and its great value consists in this, that it lady should not edit or sub-edit an ordinary enables us to study in their entirety, the newspaper, we connet tell. We exclude whole of the atmospheric phenomena of a women from many positions that they would segment of the torrid zone, closed in fill admirably, from prejudices that have no towards the north, against the influence of foundation in reason, or very little indeed, higher latitudes, by the gigantic mountain The wife of Roland was the ablest journalist, wall of the Himalaya. With regard to it is declared, of the Grondists; but women this Mr Blanford thinks, and we believe need not tower like Madame Roland in with perfect justice, that it is a safe intellectual power to exercise a refining and prophecy that this country will one day elevating influence upon the Public Press. play a part second to none in the advance- If we suggest to our country-women in India ment of rational meteorology. As England | that "writing for the papers" might possibly is an epitome of stratigraphic geology, so is be one of the most valuable forms in which India an epitome of atmospheric physics. their influence could be shed upon society, Moreover, it enables us to watch the few it is because several ladies have written to opportunities of the formation of cyclonic ourselves, expressing their strong sympathy. storms, and to find out their laws, whereas with this journal. We can only express in other parts of the tropical seas, on account our belief that the character of the Angloof the pancity of suitably disposed stations Indian and every other Press would pertainly of observation, these opportunities are generally lost."

A BRIGHT little three-year-old, living on Press .- Friend of India, sweet 1 yum, yum, Yum. Lay your paper on Elm street, while her mother was trying to the ground when you write; the rougher Bet her to sleep, became interested in some the ground the better. Coarse brown outside noise. She was told that it was wrapping paper is the best for writing y ur caused by a cricket, when she bagely ob-

DEATH OF MRS CAMERON. The death of Mrs Cameron, we read in the World, will make a sadly sensible gap in a little society, the bonds of which were somewhat closer than those of ordinary friendship. Her absence with her family in Caylon was not able to relax the affection between herself and the Tennysons, the Harry Taylors, Lockers, Ritchies, and Mr Watts, R.A., all of whom were her friends, and all of whom she photographed. Professor Ruskin disapproved of these photographs strongly, but Mr Watts and Mr Prinsep used transcendental language in their praise. Even more than photography, female beauty was Mrs Cameron's passion; her household staff was a dream of fair women; and, to her intense delight, a visitor of hers once fell in love with a graceful cook (who used to dust the flour from her arms that she might meet her suitor in the library) and married her, Some ten years ago Mrs Cameron had an exhibition of her photographs at the Dudley Gallery; and the taker of the shillings, the vendor of the catalogues, and the guardian of the umbrellas were girls of whom the memory haunts me still. She herself was charmingly, hopelessly, pathetically plain, and knew it. She will long be remembered as one of the most original women of her

LORD MAIDSTONE. Poor Lord Maidstone has shimed on thi mortal coil very unexpectedly and at a very carly age. Poor little follow, there was no harm about him except foolishness, but then that is often the greatest of harms. He found himself possessed of some money when he came of age, and with the power of getting some more, and he had no one to check him in his foolishness. Then we heard of him in the Bankruptcy Court, then that he had enlisted, next that he was married. His want of a wi e did not appear urgent, neither did the marriage turn out a happy one. He and she went their different ways, the husband living with his about a fortnight ago, and he was then complaining of a bad leg, but he looked well enough in the face. He was a very inflammatory subject, and the life he had led had not tended to improve that state of things. So his illness, a feverish cold at first, quickly assumed graver symptoms. and he died yesterday week after but really a few days' illness. In the shop window of a marble-mason in Regent Street 1 noticed the other day a white marble cross with an inscription on it, stating that It was erected to the memory of the late Countess of Winchelsea "by her devotedly attached son Maidstone." Why it was still curious that he did not live to see it placed over his mother's grave. The old father is left alone now, and is to be pitied indeed. _London Cor.

THIBET CLOSED TO FOREIGNERS. A foreigner travelling in China is bound to provide himself with passports; but he often finds them of no use whatever Bribes given to local governors are some times far more effective. In the same way soldiers, who told him they had found him the friendly professions of the Chinese Foreign Office, and even letters of introbut, after inspecting him, discovered he this Count Bela Szechenyi and his party him and between them had carried him on noticed lately, the Count, having been his life. These soldiers were fortunately Government, whilst openly professing a going out to India, and by some mears willingness to aid foreign missions, has sent secret instructions to the Chinese officials in Tibet, bidding them delay and oppose made him assist him, how he made the missions in every way possible. Considercurry-and-rice and several other dishes, ing that the Chinese Government had given which consituted him quite a favourite on ostentatious help to the Count, the present discovery is amusing—though not wonderful. The circuitous route laid down for the Austrian traveller was suspicious to which makes me think he was no impostor. | begin with. However they gave him passports and letters of introduction to the inquiries for my little friend, but heard he | Amba at Lassa, and openly proclaimed their intention of no longer closing Tibet an interesting tale, if he could have written to foreigners. Meanwhile, secret orders are sent to Lassa that the mission is to be times, for he said his showmen would keep turned back. Oddly enough a veritable Chinaman has been the victim of this he did not go through all his tricks properly policy. Deputy Huang was specially appointed by the Governor of Szu-Chuen to proceed to Europe vid Tibet and India. completely a prisoner that he could not get He was met, however, on the borders of away. And knowing but little English he Tibet, by Tibetan officers; who turned him back on the suspicion of being an Englishman in disguise. So Deputy Huang is now coming to India viá Talifu and Rangoon, the route lately taken by Captain Gill, R. E. In Western China just now, it is rumoured that some English travellers are trying to enter Tibet from Darjeeling. -Pioneer.

> A WORD FOR THE LADIES. We may surprise some of our readers, but were never more serious in our lives, when we say that we believe it would be an gain indefinitely, if they received numerous contributions from women of refinements; Such contributors would certainly raise the standard, both of taste and morals in the

"Oh; ma, it's raining ice," said a little four-year old Florida girl when she saw the alest on Saturday lect. Louisville Courist

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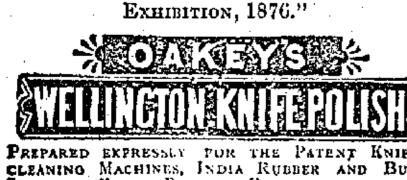
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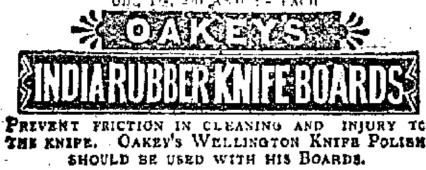
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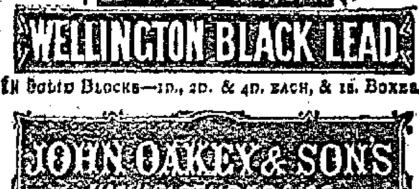


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tion, which will remain at \$4 per augum. The charges for advertisements are now basimilated to those of the China Mail. The unusual success which has attended the Chinese Mail makes it an admirable

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Wood stated that Dr. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the Inventor of Chlorodyne, that the story of the Defendant, Freeman, being the Inventor was deliberately untrue; which he regretted had been sworn to. Eminent Hospital Physicians of London stated that Dr. J. Cellis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's, See Times, July 12, 1864. The public, therefore, are cautioned

against using any other than DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

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CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in neuralgia, rheumatism, geut, cancer, toothache, meningiris, &c IXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL OPINIONS.

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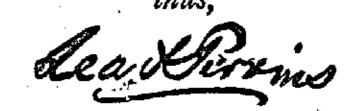
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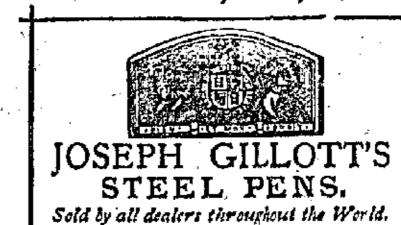
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of living.

The appendix contains full tables of the various steam companies' lines. It also includes a CATALOGUE of over 440 works published in the English language upon China and Japan, while a copious Inbat at the end of the work affords a ready means of reference to the reader.

Intimations.

THE CHINA REVIEW. THE widely-expressed regret at the discontinuance of Notes & Queries on China and Japan, has induced the publishers of this journal to issue a publication similar in object and style, but slightly

modified in certain details. THE CHINA REVIEW, or Notes and Queries on the Far East, is issued at intervals of two months, each number containing about 60 octave pages, occasionally illustrated with lithographs, photographs, woodcuts, &c., should the papers published demand, and the circulation justify, such extra matter.

The subscription is fixed at \$6.50 postage paid, per annum, payable by non-residents in Hongkong half-yearly in advance.

The publication includes papers original

and selected upon the Arts and Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History-Literature, Mythology, Manners and Cus, toms, Natural History, Religion, &c., &c., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, the Eastern Archipelego and the "Far East" generally. A more detailed list of subjects upon which contributions are especially invited is incorporated with each number, Original contributions in Chinese, Latins French, German, Spanish, Italian or Portuguese, are admissible. Endeavour. are made to present a resume in each number of the contents of the most recent works bearing on Chinese matters. Great attention is also paid to the Review

Notes and Replies are classified together as "Notes" (head references being given, when furnished, to previous Notes or Queries), as are also those queries which, though asking for information, furnish new or unpublished deta's concerning the matter in band. It is desirable to make the Queries proper as brief and as much to the point as possible.

The China Review for July and August. 1875, is at hand. It says that forty-two essays were sent in to compete for the best paper on the advantages of Christianity for the development of a State. All our learn. ed societies should subscribe to this scholarly and enterprising Review. It is a sixty paged, bi-monthly, repertory of what scholars are ascertaining about China. The lecture on Chinese Poetry in this volume is alone worth the price of the Review. Address China Review, Hongkong. - Northern Christian Advocate (U.S.)

Trubner's Oriental Record contains the following notice of the China Review :- "This is the title of a publication, the first number of which has lately reached us from Hong. kong, where it has been set on foot as in some respects a continuation of Notes and Querles on China and Japan, the extinction of which useful serial a year or two ago has been much regretted in Europe as well as in China. The present publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, somewhat similar to that which has been filled in India by the Calcutta Review. The great degree of attention that has been bestowed of late years upon the investigation of Chinese literature. antiquities, and social developments, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of publicity as in now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body, among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated. and who are severally represented in the first number of the Review by papers highly creditable to their respective authors. In a paper on Dr. Legge's She King, by the Rev. E. J. Eitel, to which the place of honour is deservedly given, an excellent summary is presented of the chronological problems and arguments involved in connexion with this important work. Some translations from Chinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Tung-p'o, by Mr. E. C. Bowrs, is not only historically valuable, but is also distinguished by its literary grace. Beside notices of new books relating to China and the East, which will be a useful feature of the Review, if carried out with punctuality and detail, we are glad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to find a place in its pages also. It is to be hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar degree of literary zeal to that which was displayed during the lifetime of its predccessor in the field, and that the Ohina Review may receive the support necessary to insure its continuance. The publication is intended to appear every two months, and will form a substantial octavo magazine.

THE CHINESE MAIL, paper is now issued every The subscription is fixed at Four Dollars per annum delivered in Hong-

TOPOGRAPHY, FAUNA, FLORA, GEOLOGY It is the first Chinese Newspaper ever and METEOROLOGY of each Port and its issued under purely native direction. The neighbourhood, with Historical Notices editorial department is conducted by and minute details respecting the rise and Mr Chun Ayin, whose experience and progress and social characteristics of the competence have already been most fully several foreign settlements. To these par- demonstrated. The chief support of the ticulars are added a ummarles and statistics of paper is of course derived from the native the TRADE of each open Port, compiled from | community, amongst whom also are to be official returns, together with statements found the guaranters and scourities respecting Comage, Cuarency, and Ex- Inecessary to place it on a business and

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Jessen.-Arnhold, Karberg & Co. QUEEN OF INDIA, British barque, Capt. R. H. Cary.—Adamson, Bell & Co. FLEURS CASTLE, British steamer, Capt. Kidder.—Adamson, Bell & Co.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

April 19. Khlva, British ateamer, 1506, George Lee, Shanghal April 16, Malls and General.-P. & O. S. N. Co. April 19, Esmeralda, British steamer, 395,

Cullen, Manila April 16, \$875,000 in Gold and General.—Russell & Co. April 19, Fei Hoo, Chinese R. C., Cocker, from Amoy April 14. April 19, Emuy, Spanish steamer, 222,

Blanco, Manila April 16, General.-REMEpios & Co. April 19, Albay, British steamer, 366, F. Athton, Tamaui April 13, Talwanfoo 15, Amoy 17, and Swatow 18, General .--

Douglas Laprain & Co. DEPARTURES.

Apr. 19, Yothung, for Swatow.

19. Maharojah, for Sai, on. 19, Sindh, for Shanghair 19, Anadyr, for Murseilies, &c. 19, Somerset, for Singapore and Australian Ports.

CLEARED. Formosa, for Hamburg. PASSINGERS.

Per Khiva, from Shanghai : for London, Mr G. Gneves; for Southampton, Mrs Holliday, Mr A. Sutchison, Master Edmund, Capt. and Mrs McQueen, 2 infants and 2 native servants, Mrs Bushell, infant and Europe: n female servant; for Brindisi, Mr Walter; for Calcutta, Messrs M. For rest and Campbell; for Gibraltar, Mr and Mrs Hughes; for Bombay, Mr Wade Gardner; for Hongkong, Messas Jameson and native servant, Sucuson and native servant, C. Holcombe, and 10 Chinese. Per Esmeralda, from Manila, Baron G.

E. Levi, Mr and Mrs Deane, 3 children and maid. Mr E. Uilman, and 150 Chinese. Per Emuy, from Manila, 91 Chinese. Per Albay, from Amoy, &c., 30 Chinese.

DEPARTED. Per Sindh, for Shanghai : from Hongkong, Major Vertu, Messrs Latham, Serre, Duby, and 2 Japanese; from Marseilles, Mr and Mrs Ruyter, Messes Smith. Percival, Larken, MacKellar, Rowley-Miller, Deacon, Evans, Brandt, Buissonnet, Revs. D. Dauthier and Kissels, Messrs Laidrich, and Nea Jieu Pao, Reva. Taylor, 'A mux Pigott, Coulthard and Luat, Rev. Mr and Mrs Mac arthy, and Mr Gordon,

Per anadyr, for Saigon, 15 Chinese; for Singapore, 4 Chinese; for Aden, Major Buskleson; for Marseilles, Messra Pelegrio. De Lagre & (Freigh Cons.), Martinie, F. Kozs, Chart, P. Watt, and d. Byphant. From Shane hai; for Port Said, Mrs Taras and child; for Marseilles, Vie. Brenier, Meanra Dugat, Murdoch, Bokings, and

Landburg. Per Somerset, for Australian Ports, Mr and Mrs Ng Yong How, Mesus J. Scott, W. H. Mutton, J. W. Terry, and C. M. Stembeimes, and 124 Chinese.

Per Mottung, for Swatow, 110 Chinese. Per Maharejah, for Saigon, 20 Chinese.

BHIPPING REPORTS. The British steamer Esmeralda reports: Light winds from N.E. to N.W. with a heavy Northerly swell and fine weather throughout the passage.

The th ness evenue Cruiser Fei Hoo teports: Heavy N.E. gale till 18th, since talms and rain. The Spanish steamer Emily reports: Moderate N.E. monsoon for the last two

The British steamer Albay reports ! Left Tamani April 13th, Taiwanfoo 15th, Amoy 17th, and Swatow 18th. From Tamsui to Taiwanfao moderate N.E. winds and fine weather | from Taiwanfoo to Amoy strong N.E. gale with bavy sea; from Amoy to Swatow and Hongkong, light variable winds and fine weather. In amoy : U.S.S. Ranger, and S.S. Jeddah. In Swatow ! B. B. Foothow, Wenchow, and Chinklang. B. S. Kwangtum left on the 18th for Coast CARGOES.

Per S. S. Belgic, sailed 17th March. 1879 :- For Yokohama, 1581 bage Sugar, 32 cases Caster Oil, 50 flasks Quicksilver, 450 bundles Nail Rod Iron, 474 bales Horn, 167 bales Gunny Bage, 35 pkgs. Manifa Rope, and 197 pkgs. Merchandise for San Francisco, 87,514 bags Rice, 796 bags Beans, 125 bags Sugar, 40 bags Cutch, 750 empty Quicksilver Flasks, 1 case Silk, 250 bales Gumy Bags, 26 bales Cinnamon. 295 pkgs. Tes and 2450 pkgs. Merchandise; for Boston, 1 box Silk, and 27 bales Raw Hilk; for New York, 262 bales Raw Silk, 1 case Raw Silk, and 3 pkgs. Merchandise.

Per S. S. Gactic, sailed 1st April, 1879:-For Yokohama, 3,684 bags Sugar, 407 bales Yarn, 30 cases Castor Oil, and 301 pkgs. Merchandise; for San Francisco, 32,377 bags Rice, 310 bags Beans, 247 bags Sugar, 2+ boxes Prepared Oplum, 4 cases Silks, 8 bales Raw Silk, 570 Empty Quicksilver Flasks, 48 pkgs. Tes, and 2,644 pkgs. Merchandise: for Panama, 9 boxes Merchandise, 2 boxes Silks, and 2 boxes Patna Opium; for Callao, 5 boxes Malwa Opium, 4 boxes Merchandise, and 13-boxes Silks; for Boston, 2 cases Straw Hats, and 16 bales Raw Silk; for New York, 250 rolls Matting, 180 bates and 5 cases Raw Silk, 1 case Silks, I case Cocoons, and 87 pkgs.

Per S. S. Thibet, sailed 12th April, 1879: -To London: from Canton, 48 cases Silk Piece Goods; from Shanghai, 866 bales Raw Silk, Il cases Silk Piece Goods, and 17 bales Waste Silk; from Yokohama, 31 cases Tea, 16 bales Raw Silk, and 29 bales Waste Silk.-To Continent: from Canton, ap20 10 bales Weste Silk; from Shanghai, 82 bales Raw Silk, and 2 bales Waste Silk; from Yokohama, 39 bales Raw Silk. -To New York; from Canton, 45 bales and 5 cases Raw Silk.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

MAILS will close:-

Merchandise.

For AMOY.-Per Esmeralda, at 9 a.m. To-morrow, the 20th inst.

GOLDEN FLEECE, British barque, Capt. For STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SUEZ, AND LONDON .-Per Sarpidon, at 4.30 p.m., on Monday, the 21st inst.

TAIWAN, German barque, Captain C. For SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOCHOW. Per Namea, at 5 p.m., on Monday, the

> For HOIHOW & HAIPHONG, (with Mails for Pakhol and Hanoi) --Per Atalanta, at 5 p.m., on Monday, the 21st inst.

For SAIGON.-Per Cassandra, at 5 p.m., on Tuesday, the 22nd inst.

MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET .-

The British Contract Packet Khista will be despatched on TUESDAY the 22nd Instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe via Brindii or Southampton; to the Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, India, Aden, Egypt, Malte, and Gibraltar.

N.B. This Packet carries no mails for the Australian Colonius, E. or S. Africa, nor for Mauritius.

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET.-

The French Contract Packet Pelho will be despatched on TUESDAY, the 29th Instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, vid Naples; to Salgon, Stra'te Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, C y or Pondicherry, Madras, Calcutta, Bembay, Aden, Suez, and Alexandria.

HOURS OF CLOSING

THE CONTRACT MAILS. The following hours are observed in closing Mails, &c., by both the British and French Contract Packets :-

Day before departure,-5 P.M.-Money Order Office closes; Post Office closes except the Nicht Box. which remains open all night.

Day of departure, - . 7 LH Post Office opens.

10 A.M.—Registry of Letters coases. Posting of all printed matter and putterns ceases.

11 A.M.-Mails closed, except for Late Letters. 11.10 LM.—Letters may be posted with Late Fee of 18 cents until

11.30 a.m. - when the Post Office Oroses entirely. 18 cents until time of departure.

MEROS. FOR TO-MORROW Shipping. Rook.- Esmeralda leaves for amov.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES :-

S. John's Cathedral. - The Right Reverend Bishop Surdon; The Revd. Bayward Kidd, Colonial Chaplain. Morning Service 11, Evening 4. Holy Prayer and Sermon.

Military Service .- Rev. J. Benderson, officiating Military Chapfain. At 8 a.m. Morning Prayer, &c. Holy Communion on the second and fourth Sunday in the

in Chinese. 2-3 P.M. every Sunday, with communion on first Sunday of every month, Rev. Dr. Eitel.

ST. PLTER'S SEASEN'S CHURCH.-Rov. J. Henderson. Service at 6 F.M., every Sunday and Wednesday. All seats free, the official thieves may be dism seed and Morning Prayer and Communion on the severely punished. First Sunday in each month at 11 a.m.

ST. STEPHEN'S MISSION CHURCH.—Rev. A. B. Hutchinson, and Rev. Lo Sam Yuen, (All Services in Chinese.) Morning Prayer :- Litany, Ante-Communion, and Sermon; at 11 i.m. Bible Class, at 9 P.M. Presching, at 6.80 P.M. Holy Com. munion, 1st Sunday in Chinese month.

the German language, by Pastor E. Klitzke, every Sunday, at half-past ten A.M., in the Unspel of the Berlin Foundling House,

ST Joseph's Church, Garden Read,-In the morning, Mass at a o'slock.

MEMOS. FOR MONDAY.

Shipping. 4 p.m.—Emuy leaves for Amoy, &c. Goods per Gleneagles undelivered after this date subject to rent.

Goods per Lord of the Isles undelivered after this date subject to rent.

General Memoranda.

UESDAY, April 22:--Daylight. - Namoa leaves for Coast Ports. 7 a.m.—Atalanta leaves for Holhow, &c. Noon,-English Mail leaves to: 1 orts of Call and Europe. 9 p.m.—Choral Society at the City Hall.

WEDNESDAY, April 23:-

Loudoun Castle leaves for Bankow. THURSDAY, April 24:--

Goods per Sindh undelivered after Noon, subject to rent and landing 4.30 p.m.—Meeting of the Seatholders St. John's Cathedral Church at th Vestry.

Tuesday, April 29 :-Noon.-French Mail leaves for Ports of Call and Europe.

SATURDAY, May 3:-3 p.m. -- Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co. Steamer leaves for Yokohama and San Francisco.

THE

HONGKONG DISPENSARY Established A.D. 1841. 藥 現 大

A. S. WATSON & Co.. FAMILY & DISPENSING CHEMISTS. Wholesale and Retail Dauggists, 1MPORTERS

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, NURSERY REQUI-SITES, TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH, AMBRICAN, AND FRENCH PATENT MEDICINES.

Soda Water, Lemonade, Tonic Water, Gingerade, Potans Water, Sarsaparilla Water, and other Aerated Waters. The Manufactory is under direct and

MANUFACTURERS

continuous European Supervision. Hongkong, June 1, 1876.

BIRTH. At Koolangau, Amoy, on the 16th inst.,

the Wife of Dr. Manson of a Daughter. The publication of this issue commenced a 8.10 p.m.

THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, BATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1879.

IF Mr Hennessy fails to arrive at the truth concerning the details of adminis- most inadvisable to entrust the Police tration in this Colony, the failure cannot | with the supervision or detection of be attributed to a lack of Commissions. and Committees. The appointment of a Commission—consisting of Acting Judge | kong seems still to possess far more than Francis, Messrs May and Creagh (police a reasonable share; yet we sincerely magistrates), Gaol Superintendent Ton- trust that some better plan will be nothy, and Dr Eitel-"to inquire into suggested by the Commission for regulathe whole question of public gambling ting gambling dens than that now in in this Colony in connection with its force. Much has been said and written detection and suppression," is the fourth | about the practicability or otherwise of or lifth combination of inquiring minds entirely suppressing gambling in this made by His Excellency since his arrival | Colony, from the days of the "moral in the Colony. Granting that the most | six "downwards. No whole-hearted atsuitable men are placed in this position, tempt has ever yet been made to do so there can be no question as to the use- effectually-at least no energetic legislafulness of the information which they tion has ever been introduced which accumulate, although the conclusions would thoroughly meet, the difficulties position which rendered possible such a which may be drawn from such informa- raised on every side by the wily Asiatics tion need not always be accepted as who are determined to lose or win money final upon the subjects inquired into. by gambling. We have heard it from This gambling Commission has probably the most impartial and well-informed ing number of gambling-houses which ly stamped out here; and it will, we are said to have been growing and flour- | p esume, form one of the duties of the ishing in the Colony, and on account of present Commission to discover the the consequent corruption which is sup- means by which this desirable object posed invariably to accompany these may best be attained. illegal doings. It may be accepted as a necessary condition that, so long as there are Chinese to offer and Chinese to accept hush-money, a certain-amount of corruption will exist. That is to say, the evil is always present, and it merely rests with the authorities to check as much as practicable, and punish as severe-11.40 s.M.—Late Letters may be posted by as possible, all known infringements on loard the packet with Late Fee of of duty in this respect. The honesty of the Police Force, as a whole, is upon a much higher level now than it ever was in the olden days, when inspectors retired with fortunes, and constables became mon of independent means; but so little has lately been heard of the "old leaven" that it might be as well if the Commissioners were to keep a good look-out apon the way in which the gambling dens affect the Police. In former days the Detective Department of the Police-Communion on the first Sunday in the always more open to corrupt influences month. Wednesday, at 5 30 P M, Evening | than the ordinary branches of the Force -and the Nuisance and Building Inspectors, were the men who "made" most money. There is every reason to believe that a great reform has since been effected in all these branches, so far at least as UNION CHUROR.-Morning Service, at the foreign element is concerned; but 11 A.M. Afternoon, 6 P.M. - Divine Service | whatever evidence may be obtainable bearing upon any department of the service ought to be specially looked up, to that honest men may be confirmed in and commended for their honesty, while all

It may not be out of place to note here the remarks made by the Police Commissioners in 1872 upon Gambling. The sum of \$15,000 paid monthly into the Colonial Treasury under the Gambling License, must, thought the Commissioners, "be taken to represent approxim-BERLIN FOUNDLING HOUSE. - Service in stely the bribing power of the gambling fraternity, and it need scarcely be pointed out that a distribution of but a comparatively small portion of it amongst the Police would totally demoralise any force, aspecially if compessed mainly of

Asiatics." Dr. Legge, who was an enthusiastic witness in favour of the em- Saturday, -- Volunteers e. Police. ployment of Chinese as policemen, says in his evidence, that "the only way to stop bribery would be to punish severely when it was found out."

Upon the general question of Detectives around which there was wont to be encircled the very worst suspicionsit may be well to remind the new Gambling Commission of some of the views which their predecessors of 1872 formed at that time upon the evidence produced. In their Report they state:-

48. Much has been said in the evidence both for and against the use of Chinese detectives, the opinions expressed being of the most opposite nature. The Honourable Charles May has a feeling with regard to these which it is no exaggeration to describe as a horror of them (p. 48), and it is impossible to deny that there is much justice in his views. Mr. Deane, on the other hand, is in favour of a cautious and limited use of them (p. 42 and passim), while Mr. Douglas is even sanguine as to their great utility when carefully supervised (pp. 61, 62). 49. The Commission strongly held that the efforts of the Police should be mainly applied to the prevention of crime rather

than to its detection, which is and always will be surrounded with extraordinary difficulties. But at the same time they consider that it would be nothing less than view of these great difficulties, to abdicate their detective functions. Three outlines of detective systems have been laid before the Commission, one by Mr. Deans (p. 42), one by Mr. Douglas (pp. 61, 62), and one by Inspector Grimes (p. 119). The Commission have not sufficient practical knowledge, nor do they think it within their functions to decide on the merits of these schemes, a task which must be left to the Police authorities. The majority, however are fully prepared to advise that some wellconsidered detective system should be set on foot without delay and that no pains should be spared in its organisation. As part of such system they have no hesitation in recommending that, as urged by both Messrs. Deane and Douglas, a vigilant watch should be kept upon the passengers who land from river steamers and fast-boats, and that occasionally detectives should travel upon these, so that, to quote the words of Mr. Douglas (p. 61), a known thisf should never have five minutes' rest in the Colony."

worthy and experienced Mr May who have a "horror" of Chinese detectives. and yet very little in the way of detection can be done without their direct or indirect assistance. The Chinese detec- Natal. tives are doubtless strictly supervised under the present system; but it is almost impossible, we are inclined to believe to obtain absolute integrity for the amount paid to them as salary. As for the gambling detectives, their reputation, though Celestial, is not angelic, nor is it such as would embalm their names in future editions of " goody " biographies for the young. It may be that it is "gambling-hells," equally with "opium-

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS. --

[SUPPLIED TO THE " CHINA MAIL."]

(Per E. E. A. & O. Telegraph Co.'s Line.)

London, 16th April, 1879. morning. The Assassin has been arrested. By an amicable arrangement between the two Governments the French troops are to

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

evaquate Matakong.

The American M ils are now over-due by the P. M. steamer Alaska. The American Mails by the O. & O. steamer Oceanic may be expected here on Monday

next, the 21st inst. The next English Mails may be expected here

Tue services at Union Church to-morrow

THE Maritime Customs' steamer Feiless arrived here to-day from the North, meet Mr Robert Hart, the Inspector General of Customs, who is expected here

by the next French mail.

We notice that the Loudoun Castle, at present in dock at Aberdeen, is advertised leave for Hankow direct. We believe is intended that the shall try conclusions with the Gleneagles, her old rival.

Ws understand that it is intended to have amviow of the Hongkong Volunteers on Her Majesty's birthday, Whilst speaking plibe Volunteers we may mention that of

THE Friend of China for last month publishes a form of petition to be presented to both Houses of Parliament, with a view of permitting the Chinese Government to refuse the admission of forcing opium into their country.

U-Achiene, the man convicted yesterday of child stealing, was to day sentenced to three years' penal servitude, and was ordered to be kept in solitary confinement for one week every three months, during the term of his imprisonment.

Wr learn that Commodore Watson, and his Secretary (Paymaster Robinson), pro-Tuesday next. His successor, Commodore Smith, and Mr Wright (the new Secretary) are due here to-morrow by the P. & O. steamer Gwalior.

THERE is still no news of the mail steamer Alaska, although no great uneatiness appears to be felt here regarding her. She weakness on the part of the Police, even in had not reached Yokohama at latest advices, but we do not hear of any steps being | continue in statu quo until a less chickentaken with a view to searching for her. It hearted Imperialist takes the field. is to be hoped nothing worse has happened than a break-down.

At the Marine Court to day, John Kidder, master of the British steamer Fleurs Castle. appeared, on a summons taken out by the steward, John Robert McEwen, charging the Captain with neglecting to provide is earnestly to be wished that the worthy the provisions signed for in the agreement. The complainant did not appear, and the case was therefore dismissed.

WITH reference to our paragraph yesterday concerning the establishment of telegraphic communication between England and the Cape, we believe the contract, which is by this time, no doubt, signed, binds the There are many residents besides the Government to make a payment of over £30,000 a year for twenty years to the Eastern Telegraph Company in consideration of their laying a cable from Aden to

> News has been received here of the loss of the British ship Sir Charles Napier, Captain vessel, it may be remembered, left Honghere for seven months. She had at first have been saved.

WE make room to day in our sixth page for the despatches of Lord Chelmsford on the Rorke's Drift "almost incomprehensible" disaster. The Home papers without exception, so far as we have seen them, unsparing in their censure, and correspondents, principally military men themselves, show how blameworthy he has been in allowing his men ever to be in a complete annihilation, whatever the savage horde of the enemy might do.

been called into existence by the increas- authority that gambling could be entire. With reference to the correspondence in had made representations to the French another column, we believe the public Government. These, we now learn, have recognition of General Grant by this been of such a nature that no difficulties community will take the form of a general will arise. What we complain of is that compliance with the Governor's request to Reuter so often sends us the latter part of meet him at the Wharf when he arrives a proceeding, the later aspect of a public and give him a hearty welcome, and that a matter when he has not told us anything ball in his honour will be given by the of the beginning of it. While referring to citizens of Hongkong. The Shanghai Com- Reuter, against whom everybody is always mittee have likewise decided to give an grumbling, we may say how entirely we agree evening reception, or ball, in honour of the with a North China contemporary, who General during his visit, and they invite writes as follows :-An unsuccessful attempt has been made subscriptions from residents at the rate of to assassinate the Emperor of Russia this ten tacks per ticket, which will include the as well as for our own, that Reuter does ladies of the subscriber's family.

> SIR William Wiseman, whose frequent highly artistic participation in our amateur theatricals here, are still fresh in the minds of many of our readers, still retains his love for the stage. An amateur performance in aid of the Royal General Theatrical Fund | present crisis of national affairs, in Southwas to take place at one of the West end theatres-probably the Haymarket-early lengthy, tolegrams. in May. Mrs. Monskton, Sir William ing Agent for China will listen both to our to-morrow, (Sunday) by the P. & O. steamer | Wiseman, Sir Percy Sheiley, Sir C. Young, and other well-known amateurs have pro-CAPTAIN Farrell, late master of the British mised their assistance. The piece selected will be conducted by the R vd. J. Ross, of for representation is a French drama, which, it is believed, has never been acted in any shape on the London stage, nor has it seen the footlights in Paris for many years. The task of translation and adaptation has been undertaken by Sir Charles Young.

> > W. S. GILBERT, the author of H. M. S. Pinafore and the Sorcerer, has in hand a some difference between the pilots new place which is expected, says "Atlas," to in the World, to be as good as the first- had settled their dispute, and at 4 p.m. of named opera and better than the other. it six burglare break into a house, and fall in love with the six nieces of the propries The vessel was brought to an anchor that tor, before all policetien intervene. music is, of course; by Mr Asthur Sullivan, pwing to the tide, she proceeded into the whom song-writing and comis opera scent Inner Bas at 5 p.m., and at 10 minutes to have knally absorbed. The componer of after 0, passed the Luner Blan stake. Al

rifle match is arranged to take place next | the Light of the World promised to do great things in the very highest branches of his art; but he is debarred from the serious pursuit of religious music, as English artists are from that of religious painting, by the small demand there is just now for anything. except the comic, tempered by the thrilling drawing room emotion of which he is the perfect master.

WE hear that several hundreds of Hakkas have surrendered, and that the authorities in Hainan are awaiting the instructions of their superiors as to the treatment of the prisoners. The remaining Hakka force is estimated at about 3000 men, whose future decision, whether to resist or to surrender, will probably be guided by the ceed home by the English Mail on course pursued towards their quondam associates.

The rebel Li Yang-ta'ai is still encamped in the interior of Annam; and as the Chinese Commander in chief in his violnity has repeatedly called upon him to commence the attack-which Li has hitherto gallantly declined to do, assigning as his reason that he has no gradge against the troops of China-affairs will probably

Wr understand that the medical advisers of the Hon. C. May have imperatively ordered him home by the earliest opportunity, and that he will leave by the next English mail steamer on Tuesday. Apart altogether from private considerations, it Colonial Treasurer and Chief Police Magistrate will soon return, fresh and hearty as of old, from the old country to the Colony in which he has done so much honourable service. Mr May has lately become an institution in the place, and he has arrived at this position by the quiet, almost unremitting and steady performance of official duties, mostly on the Magisterial Bench, and till recently also in the position of Acting Colonial Secretary. Honest official work with him had become nearly second nature, and he has taken but a very short holiday during the last thirty years. His almost uninterrupted good health has, however, somewhat failed of late, and we . French, on the Island of Ascension. This are sorry to hear that he has at last been ordered home to recruit. Few of our offikong for London, 4th Dec. last, after lying | claim can claim the amount of good sense and experienced sagacity possessed by Mr been placed on the berth for San Francisco, May; and it is hard to see where or how but in September was advertised for London. his place can be thoroughly filled. We She was an iron vessel of 1161 tons register, hope that his absence may not be of long and belonged to London owners. It is duration, and that he may soon return to dens" and sly brothels, of which Hong- reported that the wreck and general cargo spend the remainder of his days in the Colony which he has virtually made his home for the greater part of his life. He entered the service in 1844.

> MATAKONG, referred to in Renter's telegram published to-day, is, it may be well to remind our readers, the island on the West Coast of Africa belonging to England, which a recent telegram, sent to the Straits papers, but not received at Hongkong, informed us had been occupied by French troops. A question was asked about the matter in the House of Commons, when the Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs said that the British Government

We regret, for the sake of the community, more frequent and comprehensive telegrams regarding the position of affairs in Europe, Asia, and Africa, at this eventful juncture. On the arrival of each mail from clome we invariably find that our countrymen further south are in this respect more favoured than these important Settlements. hope, on behalf of the community and ourselves, that we shall, at least during the Africa and Burmah especially, be gratified with at least more frequent, if not more lament and appeal.

ship Golden Spur-lost near Haiphong. -arrived here by the German steamer Atalanta, and has kindly furnished us with full particulars of the unfortunate accident. It may be remembered that the ill-fated versel was lost owing to the hawsers parting whilst in tow of the steamer Petrel of Singapore. It appears that the Golden Spur was in tharge of a pilot. When the steamer got alongside there seems to have been , and high words were used; Captain Farrel refused to proceed to see until they In the 24th Feb. the Golden Spur was taken in tow by the Petrel. Captain Farrell of course trusted to the local knowledge of the pilot. The night and got underweigh again at 6 o'clock the next morning. After sundry delays

POSTAL BATES.

[Subjoined we give the postal rates now in force for transmission of correspondence to all parts, of the world. Detailed rules affecting the transmission of packets, parcels, &c., will be found annexed, together with a number of miscellaneous and useful notices.]

Hongkong Rates of Postage.

(Revised April 4th, 1879.)

In the following Statements and Tables the Rates are given in cents, and are, for Letters, per half ounce, for Books and Patierus, per two ounces.

Newspapers over four nunces in weight are charged as double, treble, &c., as thecase may be, but such papers or packets of papers may be sent at Book Raie. Two Newspapers must not be folded together as one, nor musi anything whatever be inserted except bona lide Supplements. Printed matter may, nowever, be enclosed, if the whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices Current may be paid either as Newspapers or Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers as, though Written by Hand, do not bear the character of an actual or personal correspondence, auch as invoices, deeds, copied znusic, &c. Any of them in a Book Packet expose it to the higher charges stated be-

The sender of any Registered Article may accompany it with a Return Receipt on paying an extra fee of 4 cents.

The limit of weight for Books and Commercial Papers to Foreign Post Offices is 4 lbs.-Patterns for such offices are limited to 8 ounces, and must not exceed these dimensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2 inches.

N.R. means No Registration.

Countries of the Postal Union.

The Union may be taken to comprise Europe, most foreign possessions in Asia, Japan, W. Africa, Egypt, Mauritius, al N. America, Mexico, Salvador, Chili, Brazil, - Peru, The Argentine Mapublic, Jamaica, Trinidad, Guiana, Honduras, Bermuda, Labuan, with all Danish, Netherlands, Fortuguese and French. Spanish Colonies.

Countries NOT in the Union. - The chief countries not in the Union are the Aus**tra**lasian Group.

Postage to Union Countries.

General Rales, by any route :-8 cents per & oz. Letters. Post Cards, B cents each. Registration. 8 cents. Newspapers, 2 cents each. 2 cents per 2 oz. Books and Patterns, 6 cents per 4 oz. Commercial Papers,

Exceptional rates, to the United King. dom and Union Countries served through the United Kingdom via Brindisi only:-

12 cents per ½ oz. Post Cards, . 5 cents each, Registration. 8 cents. Newspapers, 4 cents each. Books and Patterns, 4 cents per 2 oz. Commercial Papers, B cents per 4 cz. There is no charge on redirected corre spondence within the Postal Union.

Postage to Non-Union Countries. Aspinwall (N.R.), Bahawas, Guatemala (N.R.), Hayti (N.R.), New Granada (N.R.) anama (N.R.), and Vanezuela (N.R.);—

		, ,	_ · }
	Via San Vi Francisco o	a S.Hampton r Marseilles.	Via Brindisi
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Registration,	None.	. 8	8
Newspapers,	4	4	6,
Books & Patter		6	8.
Bolivia, Cor N.R.), Nicareg	sta Rica ua (n.r.):-	(N.R.), E	cuador
Letters,	20	30	34
lewspapers,	. 4	4	6
Books & Patter	rp•, 12	6	8
Registration,	8 ,	None.	None.
Hawaijan Ki	ngdom :—	••	
etters,	12	12	16
Registration,	None.	None.	None.
lewspapers,	4*	4	6
Books & Patte	rns, ~ 6*	6	8
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ooks & Patte	rns, — - :	e 6 '	8
British & Un ost Indies or	ion iy,}—	8	8 ·
Australia, Natal, Cape, S	ew Zealand	l, Tasmani Ascomion	a, Fiji,
Letters, by (Jontract Pa Registration	cket 24; 1,8; News	by Pri- papers,

A small extra charge is made on delivery,

Books and Patterns, 4.

		•		
LOUAL AND TOWN POSTAGE,	Lettera.	Registration.	Межераретв.	Bks. & Pttns. Per 2 oz.
Within any Town or Settle- nt, or between Hongkong, nton, and Macao, in either ection, Between any other two of following places (through British Office) viz.:—Hong- ng, Macao, Ports of China l Japan, Bangkok, Cochin	2	8	2	2
ina, Tonquin, and the Phi- pines, by Private Ship, Between the above by Con-	4	8	2	2
ot Mail,	8	8	2	2

any publication fulfilling the conditions eafter named can pass as a newspaper. The conditions are as follows:

st. The publication must consist wholly n great part of political or other news, articles relating thereto, or to other ent topics, with or without advertise-

t be printed on a sheet or sheets un-

must be printed at the top of the first page, and the whole or part of the title and the date of publication at the top of every subsequent page; and this regulation applies to Tables of Contents and Indices.

4th. A supplement must consist wholly or in great part of matter like that of a newspaper, or of advertisements, printed on a sheet or sheets, or a piece or pieces of paper, unstitched; or wholly or in part of engravings, prints, or lithographs illustrative of articles in the newspaper. The supplement must in every case be published with the newspaper, and must have the title and date of publication of the newspaper printed at the top of every page; or, il it consists of engravings, prints, or lithographs, at the top of every sheet or side.

A packet containing two or more nowspapers is not chargeable with a higher rate of postage than would be chargeable on a book packet of the same weight. The postage must be prepaid either by an

adhesive stamp, or by the use of a stamped

Every newspaper must be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, wafer, sealing wax, postage stamp, or otherwise) or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of easy removal for examination. If this rule be infringed the newspaper is treated as a letter.

Every newspaper must be so folded, as to admit of the title being readily in-

A newspaper or packet of newspapers which contains any enclosure except supplements is charged as a letter, unless the enclosure be such as might be sent at the book rate of postage, and the entire packet be sufficiently prepaid as a book packet, in which case it is allowed to pass.

A newspaper which has any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written in it or upon its cover, is charged as an unpaid or insufficiently paid letter.

No packet of newspapers may be above 5 lbs. in weight, nor above two feet in length, one foot in width, nor one in depth.

A book-packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications (including printed or lithographed letters), photographs (when not on glass or in cases containing glass or any like substance), drawings, prints, or maps, and any quantity of paper, or any other substance in ordinary uga for writing or printing upon; and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written, enkraved, lithographed, or plain, or any mixture of these. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, &c., or of a portion thereof, is allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books, pens or pencils in the case of pocket-books, &c., and, in short, whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of such articles, or usually appertains thereto; but the binding, rollers, &c. must not be sent as a separate packet.

Circulars, -i.e., letters which are intended for transmission in identical terms to several persons, and the whole or the greater part of which is printed, engraved, or lithographed,—may also be sent by book post.

But a book packet may not contain any letter, or communication of the nature of a | the Postmaster General. letter (whether separate or otherwise), unless it be a circular-letter or be wholly printed; nor any enclosure sealed or in any way closed against inspection. If this rule be infringed, the entire packet is charged as a letter.

A book-packet may be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, wafer, sealing wax, p stage stamp, or otherwise) or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of the contents being easily withdrawn for examination otherwise it is treated as a letter. For the greater security of the contents, however, it may be tied at the ends with string Postmasters being authorised to cut the string in such case, although if they do so they must again tie up the packet.

No book-packet may be above 5 lbs. in weight, nor above 24 inches in length, 12 inches in width, or 12 inches in depth, unless it be sent to or from one of the Government offices.

When, owing to a great and unusual influx of letters, books, etc., the transmission or delivery of the letters would be delayed if the whole mail were dealt with without distinction, book-packets may be kent back till the next despatch or delivery.

They must not be of intrinsic value. This rule excludes all articles of a saleable nature. and indeed whatever may have a value of its own, apart from its mere use as a pattern; and the quantity of any material sent ostensibly as a pattern must not be sogreat that it can fairly be considered as having on this ground an intrinsic value.

Pattern and Sample Post to colonies and | authorities, in either Colony. foreign countries is restricted to bond fide or any articles sent by one private indivi- the same course. dual to another, which are not actual patterns or samples, are not admissible.

Patterns or samples when practicable must be sent in cover open at the ends, and in such a samer as to be easy of examination camples of seeds, drugs, and such like sticles, which cannot be sent in spondence are obliterated in this Office. covers this kind, -- but such articles only, be pusted enclosed in boxes, or bags linen or other material, fastened in such a manner that they may be readily opened; or, in the case of seeds &c., in bags entirely closed, provided such closed bags are transparent, so as to enable the Officers of the Fost Office readily to satisfy themselves as forwarded. to the nature of the contents.

There must be no writing or printing upon or in any packet except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the address of the sender, a trade mark or number, and the price of the articles.

The rule which forbids the transmission through the Post of any article likely to infure the contents of the Mail Bags or Boxes, or the person of any Officer of the Fost Office is, of course, applicable to the Pattern Post; and a packet containing any. thing of the kind will be stopped, and not sent to its destination. Articles such as ad. It must be published in numbers at the following have been occasionally posted rvals of not more than 31 days, and as Patterns, and have been detained as unfit for the Post, viz; Metal boxes, porcelain and Ohina, fruit, regetables, bunches

3rd. The full title and date of publication 1 of flowers, cuttings of plants, spurs, knives, scissors, needles, pins, pieces of machinery, sharp pointed instruments, camples of metals, samples of ore, samples in glass bottles, pieces of glass, adds of various kinds, curry combs, copper and steel engraving plates, and confectionery of all

> Such articles as scissors, knives, razors, forks, steel pens, nails, keys, watch machinery, metal tubing, pieces of metal or ore, provided that they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the mail back and to the Officers of the Post Office, while at the same time they may be easily examined, may be sent as samples. Indigo cannot be sent to any place.

To provide the greatest possible facilities for posting Correspondence for Europe, &c., up to the latest moment before the departure of the French Packets, arrangements have been made for receiving at the Post Office late letters-except those to and through Australia-from 11.10 A.M. to 11.30 A.M. Each letter must bear a late fee of 18 cents extra postage.

A similar supplementary Mail is made up for Shanghai by the English and French Contract Steamers, the late letters being receivedfrom 10 minutes after, up to half an hour after the time of closing. The late fee is also 18 cents.

Miscellaneous Notices.

Local Delivery.

1. All correspondence posted before 5 p.m. on any week day for addresses in Victoria will be delivered the same day, and generally within two hours, unless the delivery should be retarded by the Contract

2. Invitations, &c., can generally be delivered within Victoria at the private houses of the addressees rather than at places of business, if a wish to that effect be expressed by the sender, otherwise all correspondence is invariably delivered at the nearest place of business. (See Postal Guide, par. 103.)

Boxholders who desire to send Circulars. Dividend Warrants, Invitations, Oards &c., all of the same weight, to addresses in Hongkong, Bangkok, or the Ports of China and Japan, may deliver them to the Post Office unstamped, the postage being then charged to the senders account. Each which must consist of at least ten.

Boxholders may also send Patterns to the same places in the same way. Envelopes containing Patterns may be wholly closed if the nature of the contents be first exhibited or stated to the Postmaster General, as he may consider necessary, and approved by him. Printed Circulars may be inserted in such Pattern Packets.

Local Parcel Post.

1. Small Parcels may be sent by Post between any of the British Post Uffices in China or Japan, as well as to Macao, l'akhoi, Singapore, Penang, and Malacca. They must not exceed the following dimensions, 2 feet long, 1 foot broad, 1 foot deep, nor weigh more than 5lbs. The postage will be 20 cents per 1b., which will include Registration. The parcels may be wholly closed if they bear this special endersement, PARCEL, CONTAINING NO LETTER, but any parcel may be opened by direction of

2. The following cannot be transmitted: Parcels insufficiently packed or protected. or liable to be crushed (as bandboxes. &c.) Glass, Liquids, Explosive substances, Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffs, Ice, Meat, Fish, Game, Fruit, Vegetables, or whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive or injurious in transit.

8. Parcels will as a general rule be forwarded by Private Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. The Post Office reserves the right of selecting the opportunity for transmission, and of delaying delivery in case the number of parcels is such as to retard other correspondence. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, but the system of Registration will secure the senders against any but a very remote probabilny of loss.

4. The public are cautioned not to confound these facilities with a Parcel Post to Europe, &c., which does not exist.

Mails exchanged with Manila and Saison. The Philippine Islands being now admitted into the General Postal Union, it fol lows that all paid correspondence received from Manila in the mails will be delivered free by this office, and that all pad correspondence sent to Manila in the mails. should be delivered free there.

Article IX of the Postal Treaty of Berne provides that " Neither the senders nor the addressees of letters and other postal packets shall be called upon to pay, either in the Country of Origin, or in that of Destination, any tax or duty other than the recognized rates levied (in the case of paid correspondenc.) by the despatching Office. It is hoped that any extra charge, or apparently extra charge, will at once be brought to the notice of the proper

The above does not apply in any toloose trade patterns or simples of merchandise. letters cent outside the mails. These will Goods sent for sale, or in execution of an | always be charged on arrival in Hongkong order (however small the quantity may be), and probably the Manila Office will adopt

Complaints are sometimes received entra charges on correspondence exchange botween this Colony and Saigon, but it is believed it would be found in all cases that the letters, &c., had been sent loose. Any Foreign stamps on loose corre-

Indian Correspondence. Unpaid Letters are not received for the

Indian Mail Puckets. The Pre-payment of correspondents for the Straits, India, Ceylon, and Aden is compulsory by whatever opportunity it

Registration to Bangkok.

Ber Britannic Majesty's Consul General for Siam has been good enough to make arrangements by means of which correspondence can be Registered to Bangkok, at the tiaual charge of 8 cents.

Boldiers' and Sailors' Letters. Privates in H. M. Army or Navy, Noncommissioned Officers, * Army Schoolmasters (not superintending or kirst Class) or Schoolmistresses may send half-ounce letters to the United Kingdom via Southampton

* But not Warrant Officers, vie., Assistan Engineer, Gunger, Bostswalp, or Corpenter,

by British Packet, for one penny; or via Brindlei by British Packet for three pence. Hongkong stamps will prepay this class of correspondence exactly the same as Imperial

Soldiers' and Sailors' letters are, however, charged as ordinary letters if they do not conform to the following regulations:-1. Not to exceed half an ounce. No

double letters are allowed. 2. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full on the letter, and the commanding Officer must sign his name, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

3. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

Mails for the United Kingdom, &c. by

French Packet. Under instructions from the London Post Office, the Mails for the United Kingdom which have hitherto been forwarded vià Marseilles, will henceforth be forwarded via Naples, as it is understood that a gain of twelve hours results from the adoption

of this route. As it would be extremely inconvenient to divide the mail, and no practical advantage would result from doing so, all correspondence intended for the United Kingdom by French Packet will be sent vin Naples, even though marked via Marseilles.

An impression appears to prevail that correspondence for the Mediterranean stations, Gibraltar, Malta, Cyprus, the Levant Turkey, &c., can be forwarded only by British Packet. It can be forwarded also by French Packet, and if so forwarded generally arrives a week earlier than if it had been detained for the British Mail.

The Post Office is not, by law, responsible for any loss or inconvenience which may arise from the non-delivery, mis-sending, purchased. or mis-delivery of any letter, book, or other postal packet (even if the packet be registered) nor is the Post Office responsible for any injury which a packet may sustain

during its transmission. To guard against such injury all posts packets which are likely to suffer from stamping or from great pressure should be placed in strong covers; and even with this precaution no fragile article should be sent through the Post. It should be remembered that every packet has to be handled several times; that it is exposed to considerable pressure and friction in the mail bag; and that, whenever the bag has in the course of its transmission to be transferred by means of the railway apparatus, the risk of injury Is much increased.

No information can be given respecting letters which pass through a Post Office except to the persons to whom they are addressed; and in no other way is official information of a private character allowed to be made public. A Postmaster may, however, give an address if he has no reason to believe that the person whose address it is would disapprove of his doing so.

Postmasters are not allowed to return any letter or other packet to the writer or sender, or to any one else, or to delay forwarding it to its destination according to the address, even though a request to such effect be written thereon.

l'ostmasters are not bound to give change, nor are they authorised to demand change; and when money is paid at a Post Office, whether as change or otherwise, no question as to its right amount, goodness, or weight can be entertained after it has been removed from the counter.

Postmasters are not bound to weigh any letters or other packets for the public, but they may do so if their duty be not thereby impeded.

The practice of sealing letters passing to and from the East and West Indies, and other countries with hot climates, with wax (except such as is specially prepared), is attended with much inconvenience, and frequently with serious injury, not only to the letters so sealed but to the other letters in the mail, from the melting of the wax and adhesion of the letters to each other. The public are therefore recommended, in all such cases, to use either wafers or gum, and to advise their correspondents in the countries referred to, to do the same.

The registration of a packet makes its transmission much more secure, inasmuch as, under ordinary circumstances, a registared packet can be traced through its whole course; and thus the loss of a registered packet is a very rare occurrence. Nevertheless large sums of money or other articles of great value should not be sent through the post, even if the packet be registered; as the machinery of the Department is not arranged with a view to such transmission. Ity law, the Post Office is not responsible for the safe delivery of registered packets; though any officer who may neglect his duty on this point will be called to strict account. Sent in unregistered letters, valuable articles are exposed to risk, and offer a temptation which ought not to be created: and the Department cannot in any way indertake the safe conveyance of such packets All inland or colonial letters. therefore, which contain coln, and all inland Tetters which contain watches or jewellery, even though they be posted without registration, are treated as registered, and charged on delivery with a double registration fee of eightpence in addition to the ordinary postage; and any such letters which cannot be registered in time to be forwarded by the Mail for which they are posted are detained for the next despatch, Even if the letter do not contain any article of intrinsic value, it should, if it be very important, be registered.

Most countries to which Hongkong forwards Correspondence having joined the General Postal Union or being probably shout to do so, it is necessary that the following rules be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be registered or unregistered, can be received for Postage if it contains gold or silver morey, jewels, precious articles, or snything that, as a general rule, is liable to Customs

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending of Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity cent be so small as to make the sample of no value. 8. The limits of weight allowed are as

Books and Papers to British Offices, 5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs. Patterno-to British Offices, 5 lbs. if without intrinsic value; to the Continent.

&c., 8 0%

PARCELS.—The public is reminded that, there is no such thing as Parcel Post to Europe, do. Much trouble and disappointment is caused by persistent attempts to send small valuable trifles through the Fans, Curios, Articles of Dress Fancy Work, and similar presents are continually being refused, the senders having often spent more in Postage than would have paid the freight by s camer. No refund can be made on such parcels of the value of Sumps obliterated before the nature of the contents was discovered.

PATTERNS.—Some difficulty is experienced in obtaining a general understanding what is a l'aitern. It is a bond fide sample of goods which the sender has for sale, or of goods which he wishes to order. It is to consist of the smallest possible quantity compatible with shewing what the goods are, and must have no intrinsic value.

To provide means of remitting small sums of money to or from this Colony and between the Ports of China and Japan, the Postmasters and Agents of this Office will in future be allowed (but not required) to purchase Hongkong Postage Stamps from Toreign residente.

Between Hongkong and Shanghai, Hongkong and Yokohama, however, either direction, Money-Orders must be Cook, Henry used.

The Stamps tendered for sale must not exceed \$50 in value, must be perfectly clean, in good condition, and in strips of at least two, as no separate Stamps will be purchased. They must be presented personally or accompanied by a note.

The Posimaster or Agent may postpone purchasing if his public funds in hand are not sufficient, and he will refuse to purchase in any case which appears doubtful or suspicious. Be is allowed to charge a Commission of one per cent on all Stamps

Indemnity for the Loss of a Registered Letter

The following Regulations as to the Indemnity to be paid in certain cases on the loss of Registered correspondence have been made by His Excellency the Governor under Ordinance 10 of 1876, Section XII.

The Post Office is not legally responsible for the safe delivery of Registered correspondence, but henceforth it will be prepared to make good the contents of such correspondence lost while passing through the Post, to the extent of \$10, in certain cases, provided :-

1. That the sender duly observed all the conditions of Registration require. 2. That the letter was securely enclosed

in a reasonably strong envelope. 3. That application was made to the Postmaster General of Hongkong mediately the loss was discovered, envelope being invariably forwarded with such application unless it also is lost.

4. That the Postmaster General is satisfied that the loss occurred whilst the correspondence was in the custody of the British Postal administration in China, that it was not caused by any fault on the part of the sender, by destruction by fire, or shipwreck, nor by the dishonesty or negligence of any person not in the employment of Hongkong Post Office.

5. No compensation can be paid for mere damage to fragile articles such as portraits, watches, handsomely bound books, &c. which reach their destination, although in a broken or deteriorated condition.

Money Order Regulations.

t.-Money Orders on the United Kingdom and the Straits Settlements are issued | China, s.s. at Hongkong, Shanghai and Yokohama. Shanghai and Yokohama also issue on Hongkong and vice versa.

2 - Small sums may be remitted between the other Ports by means of Postage Craigard Stamps.

3.—Many Money Orders are supplied to Creswell residents at the smaller Ports in this way. An application for an order* is filled up, and is enclosed with a stamped, directed, and unsealed envelope to the Postmaster at the nearest issuing office. The application must be accompanied with the full amount | Fabius (including commission) in cheque, postage | Firth of Forth stamps, or other equivalent of cash, and a Fontenave little margin should be left for variations | Forward of exchange. The Postmaster issues the Frederick order, sends it on in the envelope, and returns the change, if any, by first opportunity, with a receipt for the letter, if it were to be registered, as it always should be. Care should be taken to send these applications in time, as the Money Order Offices close some hours before the depar-

tures of the mails. " 4.—No order must exceed £10, or include any fraction of a penny. Orders will be drawn at the current rate of the day! and paid at the rate of the day when the

The commission is as follows:-Orders on the United Kingdom. Tp to £2..... 18 cents,

" £5...... 36 " " - £7..... 54 ,, £10......72 ,, Local Money Orders (including Straits

advice arrived.

Settlemente). 50...........30 ,,

6,-Lists of Money Order Offices in the United Kin dom may be consulted at Hongkong, Shanghai, an Yokohama. 6,-Names must be given in full (except when there is more than one Christian name) but the name of the Payce need not be given if the order be crossed (as cheques are crossed). It can then be paid only

specially crossed to any Bank. 7.-No order can be paid till the Payce have signed it in the proper place. order our be transferred to another office on payment of an additional commission, Figure. In case of loss of an order, necessity for stopping payment, or the like, application

should be made to the nearest Money Glasgow Weekly Mail. Order Office for instructions. 8 __If the order be not presented within Herts and Essex Observer siz months an additional commission will be charged; if not within twelve months, the money will be forfeited. When the order is once paid no further claim can be

entertained. 9.—No order can be paid until the advice relative to it has been received.

Made out on a printed form which is supplied Peterborough Advertisor. Local Orders on Shanghai are drawn at 2 per Presse, cent, premium in all cases. A fixed dollar rate for drawing on the United King. Shanghai Couries.

dom is in force at bhanghai.

POST OFFICE NOTICE. Unclaimed Correspondence, April 17, 1879.

Lets. Paps. 1 regd.Littledale, Lt. 1 H. A. Allen, H. D. Long Sing & Co. 2 Amicable Ins. Lopez, Maria 1 regd. Eoring, Col. H.S. 1 Atack Mypan 1 regd.Lowe, S. S. Avonchoyo Ayeng, Mr MacCarthy, 1 regd. De Lacy E. C. 1 book Ayoou Macdonald, Capt.1 Baber, Col-Marques, Hermenegildo Benitez, Julio L. 1 1 McGwen, Mrs Mercer, Thomas Bright, Mrs S. Micheli, Sigr. A. 1 Brooke, J. H. Moll, Moner ---Brown, Mrs Murlow, Rev. J. 1 Browns, T. & Murphy, Rov. Brother Murray; John Caberland. Newton, G. B. Richmond Ottoson, J. W. 1 Campbell, Au-Petrich, Martin 1 gustus A. Carvalho, Mdlle, Piatkoff, M. F. Christiansen, Roberts, P. Robertson, Henryl Robinson, Christo, M. Master H. Clifton, Mrs Simson, C. W. 🔭 J Colver, Mr Sing Hong Hong 1 Concord, John P. 1 8 pcls. Stabb, Carl Aug. 1 Stry, Kenhoben Coran, Adwans). Sun Chong Wah 1 rend Sun Sien Wo 1 regd. Crovat, Philip L. 5 Swann, L. J. C. 2 Swayne, Wm. W. 1 Dobbelstein, H. Taylor, Rev. J. Ellari, Monsr. Thomas, James Fenno, Chas. W. 1 (Carpenter) Thomson, N. Fenwick, Geo.,), Tochler, Geo. Engineer Fox, Madame Ton, Jib. Twining, E. A. French, G. Walker, Ed. R. Fuller, Robt. O. 2 Walker & Co., } Geary, H. S. Messra Consul del Wan Yun Sui Peru Weiss, Otto Hansen, Oscar Wilson, Mrs J.M. 1 Hemert, L.P.A.J.1 Herbert, Lieut. Wilson, Mr Won Chung Hilton, Geo. Worllerge, Lt. Hordern, A. J. F. Jennot, Chas. Wolseley, Sir Knowles, Henry 1 Chas. Bart. Kong Yuew Long 1 Ledyard, Dr H. C. 8 (1 rg) Yriarte, Apolinaric1 Yuew Tong Hook 1 Lemmak, F. A. 1

For Merchant Ships. Lete. Papa

Kwang Hoi Albyn's Isle Young, s.s. Laurel Alexandra Lodore Lord Macaulay Alurnus Amy Turner Louise Armistisces Lucky Madura Athene Magdala Maid of Judah 8(1rg.) 2 Marcia, s.s. Ben Gloe Maritime Union 2 Benefactor Benjamin Ayman] Mary Blair Bertha Marion Mary Frager Bertie Biglow Masonic 3 Mecca, s.s. Black Watch Mercury Blankenese $\mathbf{Blenheim}$ Miako Cainipo Min y don 1 Moneta Carlton, s.s. Nardoo 4 . 1 Northern Star Carricks Cashmere 1 Nyassa Palestine Cassandra Celestial, 8.8. 1 Pallag Pelham Peteral, 8.8. 1 Philip Fitzpatrick2 Prince Amadeo 3 2 Prince Louis 10 Corona 1 Pyah Pekhett, s.s.1 Regent 2 (2rg.) Rifleman Craigie Lea Roderick Hay Crusader, s.s. Rosebud R. M. Hayward 1 1 Sarah Bell 2 Saturt Silver Eagle Earl of Devon 4 (1 rg.) 1 Southesk Stonewall 2 (1rg.) Jackson Strathbyck Strathern 2(1rg.)Strathmore, s.s. 1 Strathmore S. Hunlio, s.s. Glamorgan, s.s. 1 regd Syria, s.s. 1 regd, The Cords The Tweed Tintern Abbey Hawthorn Tokatea Tyburnia Walifen Hilbernia Whale William Manson 1 W. E. G. Glad- | Jasan

For H. M. Ships.

Zouave

Java, s.s.

-Jessie Jamleson , 1

Lets. Pap. Liste. Pap ·Tamar Alert Ashuelot 1 regd.Thistle l Victor Emanuel 2

Books, etc. without Covers.

Ardrossan and Saltcoats Herald. Central Blatt, Christian Age. Church Association. Curagaosche Courant.

through a Bank, and may afterwards be Deutscher Reichs-Unzeiger. Dundee Advertiser. Englishman.

An Evening Times. Gazzetta del Villaggio.

Journal de Gand. London and China Express,

Missioni Cattoliche. Nairnshire Telegraph.

Perseveranza. Preis Courant (Louis Muller)

	Corrected to Saturday, April 19th, 1879.	Ray,
Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.	The Park Market Washington	Roach, Shark young,
Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.	Butcher Mest. Cash. Cash.	Salmon, Cant
The Continue at the Continue a	Recon English 1b. 450 400 水路烟猪肉	Salt Fish,
To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked h , near the Kowloong shore k , and those in the body of the Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked k , in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.	me. Sugar cured, 250 220 花旗烟猪肉 200 180 福州坳猪肉	Skate, . Shrimpa, .
Shipping or midway between each shore are marked to, in conjunction	Beef, sirloin and prime out, cy. 160 150 年能	Snapper, .
6. From Fedurals Works to the Novelty Iron Works.	Beef Corned, 140 130 煤牛肉	Snipe Fish, Foles, Fresh
2. From Gas Works to the Revision Master's Office. 3. From Naval 1ard to the Field. 4. From Harbour Master's to the P. and O. Co.'s Office. 8. From Pier to East Point.	" Soup, 80 70 湯肉 " Stock " 140 130 牛肉耙	Tench,
Veuel's Name. Captain. Flag and Tons. Date of Arrival. Consignees or Agents. Destination. Remarks.	Bullocks' Brains, per set 50 40 牛脑	Turbot, Turiles, smal
	Tongue, fresh, each 800 270 牛脷 corned,, 300 2.0 域牛脷	White Bait,
Afghan	" Head, " 600 500 牛頭	Apples, Cali
Atalanta	" Hump, Salt . catty 130 120 牛肩	Bruang, fra
Cassandra	Feet, each 50 45 牛脚 : Kidneys, , 55 45 牛腰	,, con
China	" Tail, " 100 90 牛尾	Chestnuts, Citron,
Fleurs Castle4 c Kidder Brit. str. 1622 April 17 Adamson, Bell & Co.	Tripe (nudressed), catty 55 45	Cocoanuts
Glenifier 5 h Granam Brit. str. 1506 April 19 P. & O. S. N. Co. Kurope, &c. McD.'s Slip	Calves' Head and Feet, set 600 500 牛仔頭脚 Hams, American, . lb. 300 280 花旗火腿	Currants, Dates,
Loudeun Castle	, Chinese, , , 220 200 金華火腿	Figs, Dried Guava,
Mariyeles	t Mutton Chop, 170 160 羊牌骨	Lemons, C
Rajanattianuhar 5 h Rea Brit. str. 1501 April 18 Butterfield & Swire London, &c.	,, Leg, ,, 170 160 羊肚, Shoulder, 9, 130 120 羊手	Lichoes, Dr Loong Nga
Somerest	k Pige Chitlings catty 70 60 猪腻	Loquat,
Wash	, Feet, 110 100 猪脚, 120 110 猪雞	Mangoes, I
Abby Cowper	,, Head, ,, 90 80 稻頭 ,, Heart, , each 60 50 猪心	Olives, gree Oranges, (
Abble N. Franklin4 k Howes Amer. bde. 1333 Jan. 8 Russell & Co. Chamer	, Kidneyr, 90 80 猪腰	
Hdward May	,, I iver,	,, Ma
Figure 1 A count of the state o	, Corned, , 140 130 鹹猪肉 , Leg, 160 150 猪肶	,, Sm ,, Sw
Germde 3 c Watter Ger. Eqe. 483 April 18 Carlowitz & Co.	, Fat or Lard, , 120 110 猪油	Papaw,
Golden Fleece	Sheers' Head, and Post, set 450 400 羊頭脚 Heart, each 50 40 羊心	Pears, Tie
Highlander	,, Kidneys, ,, 70 60 羊腰	Pine-apple
Malvina 4 k Kluge	Sucking Pigs. , \$2.25 \$1.50 指行	Plantains, Plums,
Penebacot	Suet, Beef	Prunes, I Pumelo,
Photon8 c school Brit. bqe. 576 April 10 Wieler & Co. London	Sweet Bread, catty 130 120 牛核	Raisins, I Sugar Car
Republic8 c Holmes	Veal, , 140 13) 牛仔肉	Tamarind
Sunatra	200 180 经收益	Walnuts, Water Ch
W. H. Holcomb Dunton Amer. bqe. 953 Mar. 28 Rozario & Co.	Ducks, catty 110 100 唱	
WHAMPOA Talvan Vivory Whiting Ger. bqe. 373 April 14 Arnhold, Karberg & Co. Tientsin Whiting Brit. bg. 255 April 15 Eduard Schellhass & Co. Tientsin	, Duck , , 100 — 鴨蛋	Artichok
		Asparago Bamboo
Men-of-war in Hongkong Harbour.	Geese, 130 120 118	Beans, s
The said of the sa	Partridges, each 820 300 鵬稿 Pigeons, each 140 180 白鴒	Beet Ro
Vessel's Name. Anchorage. Flag. Class. Tons. Guns. H. P. Date of Arrival. Commander.	Quail, , , 110 100 鶴鴉 Rabbits, live, Canton , 700 600 省城家界	Brannica Brinjals
Aduelot	Snipe. each 110 100 沙道	Cabbage
Five	Teal,, 400 350 水鴨仔 Turkeys, Cook, catty 500 450 火鷄公	,, T
Lay British gun vessel 774 3 95 April 9 B. E. Coonfane 774 3 160 April 6 R. H. Napier	Hen. 350 300 火鷄吃	Caladiu Carrots,
Mesance	mh. ma	Celery,
Violor Emanuel 6 h British despatch vessel 835 2 250 April 13 William M. Annesley	Bombay Ducks, per hundred 220 200 肚魚乾 Bream, catty 90 80 脚魚	Celery,
	Carp,	Chilies,
HONGKONG, MACAO AND CANTON RIVER STEAMERS. CHINESE GUN-VESSELS IN CANTON WATERS, &c.	Codfish, Salt, , 160 - 膨敏魚	Cucumb Curry 8
Name. Tons. Captain. Owners. Name. Tons. Guns. H. P. Commander.	—— Charle Web 70 60 20 XX	Egg Pla
An-lan Chen-jui 7 70 J. Godsil Chen-jui 80 3 20 A. Walker	Dace, 80 70 土酸魚	Green
library 700 Martin Butterfield and Swire Ching-on 120 2 40 Chinese Admit Kin Shan 457 Benning, T. H., C. & M. Sboat Co. Ching-po 180 6 60	ral Dog Fish, 70 60 海岛	y, Green
King Kiang Kwok Acteong Kwok Acteong Li-she Resd Co. H. Sboat Co. Chun-tung 150 2 40 Chun II Hu Richer Resd Co. Resd Co. Peng-chou-hal 600 4 120 C. H. Pa'mer	Heal water 120 110 淡水陰 File Fish, 70 60 剝皮洋	Horne I
8ir J. Jeejeebhoy 184 Kwok Acheong Quang-on 120 4 40 Li Ping Tye Bpark 140 Hoyland H., C. & M. Sboat Co. Shen-chi 180 5 60 H. Wade	Fresh Fish, Large 140° - 大鮮魚	Lesituce
White Cloud 180 Cary H., C. & M. S. boat Co. Sui-taing 160 4 60 60 Bessurd Tohing-taing 180 6 60 Bessurd Taing-po 100 8 40 Ching	Garoupa, , , 130 120 石班魚	Mint, Onifid
	Gudgeon, , 100 90 白蛤魚 Gurnard, , , 90 80 紅角	91
MERCHANT BYRAMERS. BAILING VESSELS.	Haddook, , 90 80 莨荚瓣	tarsley
April 12, 1879. **Khiva British Forward Ho British ship MERCHANT SALLING VESSELS. Kiang-ching Chinese Freeman Velsich bergre	19 , smoked , box \$1.00 - 版資澤	Potato
H. Upinann for Shanghai Kiang-tung Chinese Chinese Humbolit American ship Kiang-yuen Chinese Chinese Joyce Phillips British barque	King Orab, bath 120 110 流 Live Fish, catty 120 110 生魚	Radish
Queen of the West for Shangnar Orissa Men-of-War. Chinese cruiser Russian barque British Kaleja Kerchalon French brig Paokong Danish barque	Lobsters, 90 80 能蝦	Scallion
Ta-yue-fung American Levi C. Wade American ship Tokio Mayu Japanese Magdala British ship	Mullet, 100 90 原原	Secami Shalot
April 8, 1879. *Thibat *Thibat *Endant steamers. *Thibat *Thi	Oysters, , , 120 110 生骤	Spinad
Anadyr French Adeline German barque Quickstep American school Appin British Argus British barque Therese Behn German barque	Perrot Fish, 110 100 鷄公魚 Perrot Fish, 80 70 頭偏	Squan
Ohin-se Chinese Chinese Cores British barque Vesta American brig	Pike. 120 110 000 110	
Dencation Chinese Chinese Connaught Ranger British ship Chinese Chinese Chinese Chinese Chinese Connaught Ranger British barque Chinese Chinese Chinese Chinese Chinese	Piaice, 10 10 100 15 6合	Tomat
Hae-san British E, M. Young British barque Bronst H, M. gun-ye	Poinfiet, Black 110 100 無館	Printe
Hoohung Danish * Since left port, or arrived at Hongkong, Monogary V. S. corrects	Prewer, 100 20 明朝	! \$
		The Control of the Co

ī		
ł	Ray, catty 80	70 琵琶沙
1		00 石狗公
1	Roach, 110 1	00 意思
1	Shark young, ,, 80	70 黛魚
ŀ		00 編魚
<u>.</u>	Salt water, ,, 120	_
		80 鹹魚
	Skate,	60
	Shrimpa, 80	一 蝦
٠	Snapper, 90	80 立魚
	Snipe Fish, 70	60 沙鑽魚
	C. 3. 371	90 雄沙魚
	COION, PECRU	100 鯱魚
	Touch, , , , ,	-l Ct-
	1 111100,	一
	Turing, Billian, House traver sp	80 銀魚仔
	White Bait, , , , 90	古之
	Fruits.	果丁
	Apples California, catty 500	400 舊金山平菓
	Bruang, fragrant, Canton, 30	25 省城香蕉
•	,, ,, Manila,, 60	60 呂宋沙香蕉
	common, 25	20 古厘蕉
	Chestnuts, 100	80 風栗
	110	60 香綠
	Cocoanuts each 60	50 椰子
	Currents, Lottle 400	350 細葡提
_	1 41-	400 洋猪
•		_
	2.60	一 裕石榴
	a uuru,	60 檸檬
	Lemons, Chart,	
	Lichoes, Dried, ,, 200	160 汤 校\$ 800 轮眼乾
	Loong Ngan, Dried, . ,. 400	800 度服度
	Loquat,	era El eleletta
	Mangoes, Manila, eath 110	2012
	,, Saigon, ,, 40	
	Olives, green,	
	Oranges, (Ccolle) Canton , 40	414
•	,, Coolie Mandarin ,, 65	
,	" Mandarin, Canton " 100	nn A. Lil.
	"Dark Skinned, "	
	,, Small, ,, 50	
	" Sweet (Sun-weey) " 120	
	Papaw, 100	90 木瓜
	Pears, Tientsin,) — 天津雪梨
-	Nanking, , 10	80 南京雪梨
	Pine-apples, Singapore, each 10	0 80 星架波波羅
	Plantains, common ca.y	-1
	Transami, common a care	1/2
	1 mmo,	はかまた
	Lighter, Paron,	0 50 陽額相
-	Lumero, opropel	rit the text
	Transiting armorated	0 15 白蔗
		II.A. 72
·	THIRD COMP.	4-2-4-14
	Walnuts,	E AC
	Water Chesnuts, . ,,	0 50 版财
	************	天元
	Vegetables.	ンシング
	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0 50) 行了
		60 400 龍濱米
•	Diddition with the same of the	30 70 竹笋
	Domain, after mot	20 15 牙朵
	,,, , ,,,	60 50 愛豆
	2000 20079	20 15 紅菜頭
		12 10 白菜
Ð	Brinjals, catty	60 60 紅茄
	Cabbage, (White Canton),,	80 - 召茶
	,, Macao . each	80 40 澳門椰菜
	" Turnip (Bohl) ",	20 15 芥鼠頭
	Caladium "Nga Ko,", cutty	25 20 茨菇
4	Carrots, (Canton),	20 - 金筍
	,, English ,,,	86 30 路金笋
	Celery, Chinese,	30 - 本地芹菜
	Celery, English, ,,	70 60 來路芹菜
	.	100 80 辣椒乾
		150 — 新鮮花椒
	Cucumbers, , ,,	40 30 黄瓜
-	Curry South, English, . ,,	60 60 加厘材料
	Egg Plant,	60 50 矮瓜
	Ginger,	40 85 臺
	Green Peas, young	50 _ 荷蘭豆
	,, ,, bld,,	70 60 老荷豆
i		20 15 芥關采
		160 - 大羅蔔
	Lottuce, Chinese , catty	15 12 唐人生经
	a, English each	10 0 來路生荣
	Mint, bunch	10 - 海荷
	Oniche, Boiliday	80 70 洋葱頭
		2) 16 牛葱
	, Green	40 - 装鉴
	tarsley, Chinese, , ,	W 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
	Potatoes, Japanese, catty	10 / 洋元器 25 20 日本器仔
		25 20 澳門署仔
	Radishes, White,	80 26 白蘿蔔仔
. •		40 80 水路露管体
	,, English, dozen.	プトルロ が取り付ける
	Scallions,	DE 7
	Secamum,	60 50 白芝雄
١.	Shalou,	80 - 乾葱
•	Spinach, , , ,	80 25 克菜
	Squanh, bottle	25 20 協葫
Ì	bitter ,,	150 - 岩瓜
	, hairy	100 80 節瓜
	Tomatoes,	70 60 掛茄
Ç. 1		and the second s
		RLEY, Imperior of Markets